

# OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE

JESSE WHITE • Secretary of State

January 7, 2014

RECEIVED CLERK'S OFFICE

JAN 1 3 2014

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD JOHN THERRIAULT ASSISTANT CLERK 100 W RANDOLPH ST, STE 11-500 CHICAGO, IL 60601

STATE OF ILLINOIS Pollution Control Board

#### Dear JOHN THERRIAULT ASSISTANT CLERK

Your rules Listed below met our codification standards and have been published in Volume 38, Issue 2 of the Illinois Register, dated 1/10/2014.

#### ADOPTED RULES

Permits and General Provisions

35 Ill. Adm. Code 201

1005

Point of Contact: Nancy Miller

Organic Material Emission Standards and Limitations for the Chicago Area

35 Ill. Adm. Code 218

1032

Point of Contact: Nancy Miller

Organic Material Emission Standards and Limitations for the Metro East Area

35 Ill. Adm. Code 219

1061

Point of Contact: Nancy Miller

#### PROPOSED RULES

Primary Drinking Water Standards

35 Ill. Adm. Code 611

693

Point of Contact: Michael McCambridge

If you have any questions, you may contact the Administrative Code Division at (217) 782 - 7017.



#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

#### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

- 1) <u>Heading of the Part: Permits and General Provisions</u>
- 2) <u>Code Citation</u>: 35 Ill. Adm. Code 201
- 3) Section Numbers: Proposed Action:
  201.146 Amend
  201.210 Amend
  201.302 Amend
- 4) <u>Statutory Authority</u>: Implementing Sections 9, 10, 39, and 39.5 of the Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/9, 10, 39, 39.5] and authorized by Sections 27 and 28 of the Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/27, 28].
- 5) <u>Effective Date of Amendment:</u>
- 6) <u>Does this rulemaking contain an automatic repeal date?</u> No.
- 7) <u>Do these amendments contain incorporations by reference?</u> No.
- 8) The text of the adopted amendments is on file in the Board's Chicago office at the James R. Thompson Center, 100 W. Randolph Street, Suite 11-500, and is available there for public inspection.
- 9) Notice of Proposal Published in Illinois Register: May 10, 2013; 37 Ill. Reg. 6028.
- 10) Has JCAR issued a Statement of Objections to this amendment? No.
- 11) <u>Differences between proposal and final version</u>: The differences between the amendments proposed at first notice and the adopted amendments are minor and non-substantive.
- Have all the changes agreed upon by the agency and JCAR been made as indicated in the agreements letter issued by JCAR? Yes.
- 13) Will these amendments replace emergency amendments currently in effect? No.
- 14) Are there any amendments pending on this Part? No.
- Summary and Purpose of Amendments: Part 201 (35 Ill. Adm. Code 201) needed various clarifying and streamlining amendments to requirements for permitting and

DEC 3 8 5013

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

#### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

annual emissions reporting. Permitting exemptions are maintained. Also, permitting exemptions and "insignificant activities" are added for certain affected sources, which removes the permitting requirement or removes or lessens permit application, reporting, or recordkeeping requirements. Over 600 facilities Statewide may be eligible for the expanded exemptions from permitting as a result of the amendments to Part 201.

In this rulemaking, the Board phases out the Stage II vapor recovery (gasoline dispensing to motor vehicles at gasoline dispensing facilities (GDFs)) (35 Ill. Adm. Code 218.586) program, including the Stage II registration provision (35 Ill. Adm. Code 218.586(h)). In addition, the Board repeals the Stage I vapor recovery (storage tank filling at GDFs) (35 Ill. Adm. Code 218.583(e) and 219.583(e)) registration provisions due to overlapping federal notification requirements and other State tracking systems for GDFs. The available permitting exemptions (currently conditioned upon registration) provided by these Stage I and II registration provisions are relocated to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 201.146(1). The new, combined Stage I and II permitting exemption at Section 201.146(l) does not require registration and expands the exemption to include non-retail Stage I operations not previously exempted. Additionally, the amendments clarify Sections 201.146(n) and (nn), and repeal Section 201.146(kk) as it is no longer necessary. Also, the amendments establish an "insignificant activity" for gasoline storage tanks with a capacity of less than 2,000 gallons at Section 201.210(a)(10)(B). The amendments also establish an insignificant activity for fuel dispensing at Section 201.210(a)(19). The amendments clarify Section 201.210(b)(4). Further, the amendments clarify the requirement for annual emissions reports at Section 201.302. For further details, please see the Board's opinion and order of December 19, 2013, in the rulemaking captioned "Vapor Recovery Rules: Amendments to 35 Ill. Adm. Code Parts 201, 218, and 219," docket R13-18.

#### 16) <u>Information and questions regarding these adopted amendments shall be directed to:</u>

Richard McGill Illinois Pollution Control Board 100 W. Randolph Street, Suite 11-500 Chicago, IL 60601

312-814-6983 richard.mcgill@illinois.gov

Copies of the Board's opinions and orders may be requested from the Clerk of the Board at the address listed in #8 above or by calling 312-814-3620. Please refer to the docket number, R13-18, in your request. The Board's opinions and orders are also available from the Board's website (www.ipcb.state.il.us).

# POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

The full text of the Adopted Amendments begins on the next page:

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

#### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

# TITLE 35: ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION SUBTITLE B: AIR POLLUTION CHAPTER I: POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD SUBCHAPTER a: PERMITS AND GENERAL PROVISIONS

### PART 201 PERMITS AND GENERAL PROVISIONS

#### SUBPART A: DEFINITIONS

Section 201.101 201.102 201.103 201.104	Other Definitions Definitions Abbreviations and Units Incorporations by Reference
	SUBPART B: GENERAL PROVISIONS
Section	
201.121	Existence of Permit No Defense
201.122	Proof of Emissions
201.123	Burden of Persuasion Regarding Exceptions
201.124	Annual Report
201.125	Severability
201.126	Repealer
	SUBPART C: PROHIBITIONS
Section	
201.141	Prohibition of Air Pollution
201.142	Construction Permit Required
201.143	Operating Permits for New Sources
201.144	Operating Permits for Existing Sources
201.146	Exemptions from State Permit Requirements
201.147	Former Permits
201.148	Operation Without Compliance Program and Project Completion Schedule
201.149	Operation During Malfunction, Breakdown or Startups
201.150	Circumvention
201.151	Design of Effluent Exhaust Systems

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

# NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

# SUBPART D: PERMIT APPLICATIONS AND REVIEW PROCESS

Section	
201.152	Contents of Application for Construction Permit
201.153	Incomplete Applications (Repealed)
201.154	Signatures (Repealed)
201.155	Standards for Issuance (Repealed)
201.156	Conditions
201.157	Contents of Application for Operating Permit
201.158	Incomplete Applications
201.159	Signatures
201.160	Standards for Issuance
201.161	Conditions
201.162	Duration
201.163	Joint Construction and Operating Permits
201.164	Design Criteria
201.165	Hearings
201.166	Revocation
201.167	Revisions to Permits
201.168	Appeals from Conditions
201.169	Special Provisions for Certain Operating Permits
201.170	Portable Emission Units
201.175	Registration of Smaller Sources (ROSS)

# SUBPART E: SPECIAL PROVISIONS FOR OPERATING PERMITS FOR CERTAIN SMALLER SOURCES

201.180 201.181 201.187	Applicability (Repealed) Expiration and Renewal (Repealed) Requirement for a Revised Permit (Repealed)
	SUBPART F: CAAPP PERMITS

Section

Section	
201.207	Applicability
201.208	Supplemental Information
201.209	Emissions of Hazardous Air Pollutants
201.210	Categories of Insignificant Activities or Emission Levels

# POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

# NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

201.211	Application for Classification as an Insignificant Activity
201.212	Revisions to Lists of Insignificant Activities or Emission Levels

# SUBPART G: EXPERIMENTAL PERMITS (Reserved)

# SUBPART H: COMPLIANCE PROGRAMS AND PROJECT COMPLETION SCHEDULES

Section 201.241 201.242 201.243 201.244 201.245 201.246 201.247	Contents of Compliance Program Contents of Project Completion Schedule Standards for Approval Revisions Effects of Approval Records and Reports Submission and Approval Dates
	SUBPART I: MALFUNCTIONS, BREAKDOWNS OR STARTUPS
Section 201.261 201.262 201.263 201.264 201.265	Contents of Request for Permission to Operate During a Malfunction, Breakdown or Startup Standards for Granting Permission to Operate During a Malfunction, Breakdown or Startup Records and Reports Continued Operation or Startup Prior to Granting of Operating Permit Effect of Granting of Permission to Operate During a Malfunction, Breakdown or Startup
	SUBPART J: MONITORING AND TESTING
Section 201.281 201.282 201.283	Permit Monitoring Equipment Requirements Testing Records and Reports

SUBPART K: RECORDS AND REPORTS

#### Section

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

#### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

201.301	Records
201.302	Reports

### SUBPART L: CONTINUOUS MONITORING

Section	
201.401	Continuous Monitoring Requirements
201.402	Alternative Monitoring
201.403	Exempt Sources
201.404	Monitoring System Malfunction
201.405	Excess Emission Reporting
201.406	Data Reduction
201.407	Retention of Information
201.408	Compliance Schedules
201 APPEND	OIX A Rule into Section Table

Rule into Section Table ZULAPPENDIX A 201.APPENDIX B Section into Rule Table 201.APPENDIX C Past Compliance Dates

AUTHORITY: Implementing Sections 10, 39 and 39.5 and authorized by Section 27 of the Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/10, 27, 39 and 39.5].

SOURCE: Adopted as Chapter 2: Air Pollution, Part I: General Provisions, in R71-23, 4 PCB 191, filed and effective April 14, 1972; amended in R78-3 and 4, 35 PCB 75 and 243, at 3 Ill. Reg. 30, p. 124, effective July 28, 1979; amended in R80-5, at 7 Ill. Reg. 1244, effective January 21, 1983; codified at 7 Ill. Reg. 13579; amended in R82-1 (Docket A) at 10 Ill. Reg. 12628, effective July 7, 1986; amended in R87-38 at 13 Ill. Reg. 2066, effective February 3, 1989; amended in R89-7(A) at 13 Ill. Reg. 19444, effective December 5, 1989; amended in R89-7(B) at 15 Ill. Reg. 17710, effective November 26, 1991; amended in R93-11 at 17 Ill. Reg. 21483, effective December 7, 1993; amended in R94-12 at 18 III. Reg. 15002, effective September 21, 1994; amended in R94-14 at 18 Ill. Reg. 15760, effective October 17, 1994; amended in R96-17 at 21 Ill. Reg. 7878, effective June 17, 1997; amended in R98-13 at 22 Ill. Reg. 11451, effective June 23, 1998; amended in R98-28 at 22 Ill. Reg. 11823, effective July 31, 1998; amended in R02-10 at 27 Ill. Reg. 5820, effective March 21, 2003; amended in R05-19 and R05-20 at 30 Ill. Reg. 4901, effective March 3, 2006; amended in R07-19 at 33 Ill. Reg. 11965, effective August 6, 2009; amended in R10-21 at 34 Ill. Reg. 19575, effective December 1, 2010; amended in R12-10 at 35 Ill. Reg. 19790, effective December 5, 2011; amended in R13-18 at 38 Ill. Reg.

\_\_\_\_, effective .

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

#### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

SUBPART C: PROHIBITIONS

#### **Section 201.146 Exemptions from State Permit Requirements**

Construction or operating permits, pursuant to Sections 201.142, 201.143 and 201.144 of this Part, are not required for the classes of equipment and activities listed below in this Section. The permitting exemptions in this Section do not relieve the owner or operator of any source from any obligation to comply with any other applicable requirements, including the obligation to obtain a permit pursuant to Sections 9.1(d) and 39.5 of the Act, sections 165, 173 and 502 of the Clean Air Act or any other applicable permit or registration requirements.

- a) Air contaminant detectors or recorders, combustion controllers or combustion shutoffs;
- b) Air conditioning or ventilating equipment not designed to remove air contaminants generated by or released from associated equipment;
- Each fuel burning emission unit for indirect systems and for heating and reheating furnace systems used exclusively for residential, or commercial establishments using gas and/or fuel oil exclusively with a design heat input capacity of less than 14.6 MW (50 mmbtu/hr), except that a permit shall be required for any such emission unit with a design heat input capacity of at least 10 mmbtu/hr that was constructed, reconstructed or modified after June 9, 1989 and that is subject to 40 CFR 60, subpart D;
- d) Each fuel burning emission unit other than those listed in subsection (c) of this Section for direct systems used for comfort heating purposes and indirect heating systems with a design heat input capacity of less than 2930 kW (10 mmbtu/hr);
- e) Internal combustion engines or boilers (including the fuel system) of motor vehicles, locomotives, air craft, watercraft, lifttrucks and other vehicles powered by nonroad engines;
- f) Bench scale laboratory equipment and laboratory equipment used exclusively for chemical and physical analysis, including associated laboratory fume hoods, vacuum producing devices and control devices installed primarily to address potential accidental releases;
- g) Coating operations located at a source using not in excess of 18,925 1 (5,000 gal)

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

#### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

of coating (including thinner) per year;

- h) Any emission unit acquired exclusively for domestic use, except that a permit shall be required for any incinerator and for any fuel combustion emission unit using solid fuel with a design heat input capacity of 14.6 MW (50 mmbtu/hr) or more;
- i) Any stationary internal combustion engine with a rated power output of less than 1118 kW (1500 bhp) or stationary turbine, except that a permit shall be required for the following:
  - Any internal combustion engine with a rating at equal to or greater than 500 bhp output that is subject to the control requirements of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 217.388(a) or (b); or
  - Any stationary gas turbine engine with a rated heat input at peak load of 10.7 gigajoules/hr (10 mmbtu/hr) or more that is constructed, reconstructed or modified after October 3, 1977 and that is subject to requirements of 40 CFR 60, subpart GG;
- j) Rest room facilities and associated cleanup operations, and stacks or vents used to prevent the escape of sewer gases through plumbing traps;
- k) Safety devices designed to protect life and limb, provided that a permit is not otherwise required for the emission unit with which the safety device is associated;
- Storage tanks and fuel dispensing equipment that are both used for the dispensing of fuel to mobile sources, including on-road and off-road vehicles, for use in such mobile sources Storage tanks for liquids for retail dispensing except for storage tanks that are subject to the requirements of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 215.583(a)(2), 218.583(a)(2) or 219.583(a)(2);
- m) Printing operations with aggregate organic solvent usage that never exceeds 2,839 l (750 gal) per year from all printing lines at the source, including organic solvent from inks, dilutents, fountain solutions and cleaning materials;
- n) Storage tanks of:

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

- Organic liquids with a capacity of less than 37,850 l (10,000 gal), provided the storage tank is not used to store any amount of material or mixture of any material listed as a hazardous air pollutant pursuant to section 112(b) of the Clean Air Act, and provided the storage tank is not subject to the requirements of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 215.583(a)(2), 218.583(a)(2) or 219.583(a)(2);
- 2) Any size containing exclusively soaps, detergents, surfactants, waxes, glycerin, vegetable oils, greases, animal fats, sweetener, corn syrup, aqueous salt solutions or aqueous caustic solutions, provided an organic solvent has not been mixed with such materials; or
- Any size containing virgin or re-refined distillate oil (including kerosene and diesel fuel), hydrocarbon condensate from natural gas pipeline or storage systems, lubricating oil or residual fuel oils;
- o) Threaded pipe connections, vessel manways, flanges, valves, pump seals, pressure relief valves, pressure relief devices and pumps;
- p) Sampling connections used exclusively to withdraw materials for testing and analyses;
- q) All storage tanks of Illinois crude oil with capacity of less than 151,400 1 (40,000 gal) located on oil field sites;
- r) All organic material-water single or multiple compartment effluent water separator facilities for Illinois crude oil of vapor pressure of less than 34.5 kPa absolute (5 psia);
- s) Grain-handling operations, exclusive of grain-drying operations, with an annual grain through-put not exceeding 300,000 bushels;
- t) Grain-drying operations with a total grain-drying capacity not exceeding 750 bushels per hour for 5% moisture extraction at manufacturer's rated capacity, using the American Society of Agricultural Engineers Standard 248.2, Section 9, Basis for Stating Drying Capacity of Batch and Continuous-Flow Grain Dryers;
- u) Portable grain-handling equipment and one-turn storage space;

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

- v) Cold cleaning degreasers that are not in-line cleaning machines, where the vapor pressure of the solvents used never exceeds 2 kPa (15 mmHg or 0.3 psi) measured at 38°C (100°F) or 0.7 kPa (5 mmHg or 0.1 psi) at 20°C (68°F);
- w) Coin-operated dry cleaning operations;
- x) Dry cleaning operations at a source that consume less than 30 gallons per month of perchloroethylene;
- y) Brazing, soldering, wave soldering or welding equipment, including associated ventilation hoods;
- z) Cafeterias, kitchens, and other similar facilities, including smokehouses, used for preparing food or beverages, but not including facilities used in the manufacturing and wholesale distribution of food, beverages, food or beverage products, or food or beverage components;
- aa) Equipment for carving, cutting, routing, turning, drilling, machining, sawing, surface grinding, sanding, planing, buffing, sand blast cleaning, shot blasting, shot peening, or polishing ceramic artwork, leather, metals (other than beryllium), plastics, concrete, rubber, paper stock, wood or wood products, where such equipment is either:
  - 1) Used for maintenance activity;
  - 2) Manually operated;
  - 3) Exhausted inside a building; or
  - 4) Vented externally with emissions controlled by an appropriately operated cyclonic inertial separator (cyclone), filter, electro-static precipitor or a scrubber;
- bb) Feed mills that produce no more than 10,000 tons of feed per calendar year, provided that a permit is not otherwise required for the source pursuant to Section 201.142, 201.143 or 201.144;
- cc) Extruders used for the extrusion of metals, minerals, plastics, rubber or wood, excluding:

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

- 1) Extruders used in the manufacture of polymers;
- 2) Extruders using foaming agents or release agents that contain volatile organic materials or Class I or II substances subject to the requirements of Title VI of the Clean Air Act; and
- 3) Extruders processing scrap material that was produced using foaming agents containing volatile organic materials or Class I or II substances subject to the requirements of Title VI of the Clean Air Act;
- dd) Furnaces used for melting metals, other than beryllium, with a brim full capacity of less than 450 cubic inches by volume;
- ee) Equipment used for the melting or application of less than 22,767 kg/yr (50,000 lbs/yr) of wax to which no organic solvent has been added;
- ff) Equipment used for filling drums, pails or other packaging containers, excluding aerosol cans, with soaps, detergents, surfactants, lubricating oils, waxes, vegetable oils, greases, animal fats, glycerin, sweeteners, corn syrup, aqueous salt solutions or aqueous caustic solutions, provided an organic solvent has not been mixed with such materials;
- gg) Loading and unloading systems for railcars, tank trucks, or watercraft that handle only the following liquid materials: soaps, detergents, surfactants, lubricating oils, waxes, glycerin, vegetable oils, greases, animal fats, sweetener, corn syrup, aqueous salt solutions or aqueous caustic solutions, provided an organic solvent has not been mixed with such materials;
- hh) Equipment used for the mixing and blending of materials at ambient temperatures to make water based adhesives, provided each material mixed or blended contains less than 5% organic solvent by weight;
- ii) Die casting machines where a metal or plastic is formed under pressure in a die located at a source with a through-put of less than 2,000,000 lbs of metal or plastic per year, in the aggregate, from all die casting machines;
- jj) Air pollution control devices used exclusively with other equipment that is exempt from permitting, as provided in this Section;

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

- (Reserved) An emission unit for which a registration system designed to identify sources and emission units subject to emission control requirements is in place, such as the registration system found at 35 Ill. Adm. Code 218.586 (Gasoline Dispensing Operations Motor Vehicle Fueling Operations) and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 218, Subpart HH (Motor Vehicle Refinishing);
- ll) Photographic process equipment by which an image is reproduced upon material sensitized to radiant energy;
- mm) Equipment used for hydraulic or hydrostatic testing;
- nn) General vehicle maintenance and servicing activities conducted at a source, motor vehicle repair shops, and motor vehicle body shops, but not including motor vehicle refinishing:
  - 1) Gasoline fuel handling; and
  - 2) Motor vehicle refinishing;
- oo) Equipment using water, water and soap or detergent, or a suspension of abrasives in water for purposes of cleaning or finishing, provided no organic solvent has been added to the water;
- pp) Administrative activities including, but not limited to, paper shredding, copying, photographic activities and blueprinting machines. This does not include incinerators;
- qq) Laundry dryers, extractors, and tumblers processing that have been cleaned with water solutions of bleach or detergents that are:
  - 1) Located at a source and process clothing, bedding and other fabric items used at the source, provided that any organic solvent present in such items before processing that is retained from cleanup operations shall be addressed as part of the VOM emissions from use of cleaning materials;
  - 2) Located at a commercial laundry; or
  - 3) Coin operated;

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

- rr) Housekeeping activities for cleaning purposes, including collecting spilled and accumulated materials, including operation of fixed vacuum cleaning systems specifically for such purposes, but not including use of cleaning materials that contain organic solvent;
- Refrigeration systems, including storage tanks used in refrigeration systems, but excluding any combustion equipment associated with such systems;
- tt) Activities associated with the construction, on-site repair, maintenance or dismantlement of buildings, utility lines, pipelines, wells, excavations, earthworks and other structures that do not constitute emission units;
- uu) Piping and storage systems for natural gas, propane and liquefied petroleum gas;
- vv) Water treatment or storage systems, as follows:
  - 1) Systems for potable water or boiler feedwater;
  - 2) Systems, including cooling towers, for process water, provided that such water has not been in direct or indirect contact with process streams that contain volatile organic material or materials listed as hazardous air pollutants pursuant to section 112(b) of the Clean Air Act;
- ww) Lawn care, landscape maintenance and grounds keeping activities;
- xx) Containers, reservoirs or tanks used exclusively in dipping operations to coat objects with oils, waxes or greases, provided no organic solvent has been mixed with such materials;
- yy) Use of consumer products, including hazardous substances as that term is defined in the Federal Hazardous Substances Act (15 USC 1261 et seq.), where the product is used at a source in the same manner as normal consumer use;
- zz) Activities directly used in the diagnosis and treatment of disease, injury or other medical condition;
- aaa) Activities associated with the construction, repair or maintenance of roads or other paved or open areas, including operation of street sweepers, vacuum trucks, spray trucks and other vehicles related to the control of fugitive emissions of such

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

#### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

roads or other areas;

- bbb) Storage and handling of drums or other transportable containers, where the containers are sealed during storage and handling;
- Activities at a source associated with the maintenance, repair or dismantlement of an emission unit or other equipment installed at the source, not including the shutdown of the unit or equipment, including preparation for maintenance, repair or dismantlement, and preparation for subsequent startup, including preparation of a shutdown vessel for entry, replacement of insulation, welding and cutting, and steam purging of a vessel prior to startup;
- ddd) Equipment used for corona arc discharge surface treatment of plastic with a power rating of 5 kW or less or equipped with an ozone destruction device;
- eee) Equipment used to seal or cut plastic bags for commercial, industrial or domestic use;
- fff) Each direct-fired gas dryer used for a washing, cleaning, coating or printing line, excluding:
  - Dryers with a rated heat input capacity of 2930 kW (10 mmbtu/hr) or more; and
  - Dryers for which emissions other than those attributable to combustion of fuel in the dryer, including emissions attributable to use or application of cleaning agents, washing materials, coatings or inks or other process materials that contain volatile organic material are not addressed as part of the permitting of such line, if a permit is otherwise required for the line;
- ggg) Municipal solid waste landfills with a maximum total design capacity of less than 2.5 million Mg or 2.5 million m<sup>3</sup> that are not required to install a gas collection and control system pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 220 or 800 through 849 or Section 9.1 of the Act;
- hhh) Replacement or addition of air pollution control equipment for existing emission units in circumstances where:

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

- 1) The existing emission unit is permitted and has operated in compliance for the past year;
- 2) The new control equipment will provide equal or better control of the target pollutants;
- 3) The new control device will not be accompanied by a net increase in emissions of any non-targeted criteria air pollutant;
- 4) Different State or federal regulatory requirements or newly proposed regulatory requirements will not apply to the unit; and BOARD NOTE: All sources must comply with underlying federal regulations and future State regulations.
- 5) Where the existing air pollution control equipment had required monitoring equipment, the new air pollution control equipment will be equipped with the instrumentation and monitoring devices that are typically installed on the new equipment of that type.

  BOARD NOTE: For major sources subject to Section 39.5 of the Act, where the new air pollution control equipment will require a different compliance determination method in the facility's CAAPP permit, the facility may need a permit modification to address the changed compliance determination method;
- iii) Replacement, addition, or modification of emission units at facilities with federally enforceable State operating permits limiting their potential to emit in circumstances where:
  - The potential to emit any regulated air pollutant in the absence of air pollution control equipment from the new emission unit, or the increase in the potential to emit resulting from the modification of any existing emission unit, is less than 0.1 pound per hour or 0.44 tons per year;
  - The raw materials and fuels used or present in the emission unit that cause or contribute to emissions, based on the information contained in Material Safety Data Sheets for those materials, do not contain equal to or greater than 0.01 percent by weight of any hazardous air pollutant as defined under section 112(b) of the federal Clean Air Act;

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

- The emission unit or modification is not subject to an emission standard or other regulatory requirement pursuant to section 111 of the federal Clean Air Act;
- 4) Potential emissions of regulated air pollutants from the emission unit or modification will not, in combination with emissions from existing units or other proposed units, trigger permitting requirements under Section 39.5, permitting requirements under section 165 or 173 of the federal Clean Air Act, or the requirement to obtain a revised federally enforceable State operating permit limiting the source's potential to emit; and
- The source is not currently the subject of a Non-compliance Advisory, Clean Air Act Section 114 Request, Violation Notice, Notice of Violation, Compliance Commitment Agreement, Administrative Order, or civil or criminal enforcement action, related to the air emissions of the source;
- jjj) Replacement, addition, or modification of emission units at permitted sources that are not major sources subject to Section 39.5 of the Act and that do not have a federally enforceable State operating permit limiting their potential to emit, in circumstances where:
  - 1) The potential to emit of any regulated air pollutant in the absence of air pollution control equipment from the new emission unit, or the increase in the potential to emit resulting from the modification of any existing emission unit is either:
    - A) Less than 0.1 pound per hour or 0.44 tons per year; or
    - B) Less than 0.5 pound per hour, and the permittee provides prior notification to the Agency of the intent to construct or install the unit. The unit may be constructed, installed or modified immediately after the notification is filed;
  - 2) The emission unit or modification is not subject to an emission standard or other regulatory requirement under section 111 or 112 of the federal Clean Air Act;
  - Potential emissions of regulated air pollutants from the emission unit or modification will not, in combination with the emissions from existing units or other proposed units, trigger permitting requirements under

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

#### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

Section 39.5 of the Act or the requirement to obtain a federally enforceable permit limiting the source's potential to emit; and

- The source is not currently the subject of a Non-compliance Advisory, Clean Air Act Section 114 Request, Violation Notice, Notice of Violation, Compliance Commitment Agreement, Administrative Order, or civil or criminal enforcement action, related to the air emissions of the source;
- kkk) The owner or operator of a CAAPP source is not required to obtain an air pollution control construction permit for the construction or modification of an emission unit or activity that is an insignificant activity as addressed by Section 201.210 or 201.211 of this Part. Section 201.212 of this Part must still be followed, as applicable. Other than excusing the owner or operator of a CAAPP source from the requirement to obtain an air pollution control construction permit for the emission units or activities, nothing in this subsection shall alter or affect the liability of the CAAPP source for compliance with emission standards and other requirements that apply to the emission units or activities, either individually or in conjunction with other emission units or activities constructed, modified or located at the source;
- Plastic injection molding equipment with an annual through-put not exceeding 5,000 tons of plastic resin in the aggregate from all plastic injection molding equipment at the source, and all associated plastic resin loading, unloading, conveying, mixing, storage, grinding, and drying equipment and associated mold release and mold cleaning agents.

(Source: Amended at 38 Ill. Reg. , effective	)
--	---

#### SUBPART F: CAAPP PERMITS

#### Section 201.210 Categories of Insignificant Activities or Emission Levels

- a) The owner or operator of a CAAPP source, pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 270, shall submit to the Agency within its CAAPP application a list of the following activities or emission levels:
  - 1) Any emission unit determined to be an insignificant activity by the Agency pursuant to Section 201.211 of this Part;

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

- 2) Emission units with emissions that never exceed 0.1 lbs/hr of any regulated air pollutant in the absence of air pollution control equipment and that do not emit any air pollutant listed as hazardous pursuant to sectionSection 112(b) of the Clean Air Act;
- 3) Emission units with emissions that never exceed 0.44 tons/year of any regulated air pollutant in the absence of air pollution control equipment and that do not emit any air pollutant listed as hazardous pursuant to sectionSection 112(b) of the Clean Air Act;
- 4) Direct combustion units designed and used for comfort heating purposes and fuel combustion emission units as follows:
  - A) Units with a rated heat input capacity of less than 2.5 mmbtu/hr that fire only natural gas, propane or liquefied petroleum gas;
  - B) Units with a rated heat input capacity of less than 1.0 mmbtu/hr that fire only oil or oil in combination with only natural gas, propane, or liquefied petroleum gas;
  - C) Units with a rated capacity of less than 200,000 btu/hr which never burn refuse or treated or chemically contaminated wood;
- 5) Extruders used for the extrusion of metals, minerals, plastics, rubber, or wood, excluding extruders used in the manufacture of polymers, provided that volatile organic materials or class I or II substances subject to the requirements of Title VI of the Clean Air Act are not used as foaming agents or release agents or were not used as foaming agents in the case of extruders processing scrap material;
- 6) Furnaces used for melting metals other than beryllium with a brim full capacity of less than 450 cubic inches by volume;
- 7) Equipment used for the melting or application of less than 50,000 lbs/yr of wax to which no organic solvent has been added;
- 8) Equipment used for filling drums, pails or other packaging containers, excluding aerosol cans, with soaps, detergents, surfactants, lubricating

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

#### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

oils, waxes, vegetable oils, greases, animal fats, glycerin, sweeteners, corn syrup, aqueous salt solutions, or aqueous caustic solutions;

- 9) Equipment used for the mixing and blending of materials at ambient temperature to make water based adhesives provided each material contains less than 5% organic solvent by weight;
- 10) Storage tanks, as follows:
  - A) Storage tanks of organic liquids with a capacity of less than 10,000 gallons and an annual throughput of less than 100,000 gallons provided the tank is not used for the storage of any amount of gasoline, including gasoline/ethanol blend fuels, or any amount of material or mixture of any material listed as a hazardous air pollutant pursuant to section Section 112(b) of the Clean Air Act:
  - B) Storage tanks of gasoline, including gasoline/ethanol blend fuels, with a capacity of less than 2000 gallons;
- Storage tanks of virgin or rerefined distillate oil (including kerosene and diesel fuel), hydrocarbon condensate from natural gas pipeline or storage systems, lubricating oil, or residual fuel oils;
- Die casting machines where a metal or plastic is formed under pressure in a die;
- Coating operations (excluding powder, architectural and industrial maintenance coating) with aggregate VOM usage that never exceeds 15 lbs/day from all coating lines at the source, including VOM from coating, dilutents, and cleaning materials;
- Printing operations with aggregate organic solvent usage that never exceeds 750 gallons per year from all printing lines at the source, including organic solvent from inks, dilutents, fountain solutions, and cleaning materials;
- Gas turbines and stationary reciprocating internal combustion engines of less than 112 kW (150 horsepower) power output;

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

- Gas turbines and stationary reciprocating internal combustion engines of between 1118 and 112 kW (1500 and 150 horsepower) power output that are emergency or standby units;
- 17) Storage tanks of any size containing exclusively soaps, detergents, surfactants, waxes, glycerin, vegetable oils, greases, animal fats, sweetener, corn syrup, aqueous salt solutions, or aqueous caustic solutions provided an organic solvent has not been mixed with such materials; and
- 18) Loading and unloading systems for railcars, tank trucks, or watercraft that handle only the following liquid materials provided an organic solvent has not been mixed with such materials: soaps, detergents, surfactants, lubricating oils, waxes, glycerin, vegetable oils, greases, animal fats, sweetener, corn syrup, aqueous salt solutions, or aqueous caustic solutions; and:
- Fuel dispensing operations and fuel dispensing equipment for the fuels specified in subsections (a)(19)(A) and (B), for mobile sources, including on-road and off-road vehicles, for use in those mobile sources. For purposes of this subsection (a)(19), fuel dispensing equipment means equipment for transferring fuel to a mobile source, including nozzles, hoses, swivels, breakaways, hose retractors, vapor valves, dispensers, vacuum-assist devices, vapor-return piping, and liquid collection points. Storage tanks and storage tank equipment are not included in fuel dispensing operations or fuel dispensing equipment and are addressed separately.
  - A) Gasoline, including gasoline/ethanol blend fuels, if the annual throughput of the fuel dispensed is less than 120,000 gallons (rolling 12 month total).
  - B) Distillate oil (including kerosene and diesel fuel), biodiesel, and biodiesel/distillate oil blends.
- b) The owner or operator of a CAAPP source is not required to individually list the following activities in a CAAPP application pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 270. The applicant shall denote whether any of the following activities are present at the source in its CAAPP application:

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

- 1) Air conditioning or ventilating equipment not designed to remove air contaminants generated by or released from associated equipment;
- 2) Photographic process equipment by which an image is reproduced upon material sensitized to radiant energy;
- 3) Equipment used for hydraulic or hydrostatic testing;
- 4) General vehicle maintenance and servicing activities at the source, other than <u>fuel handling or dispensing of gasoline (including gasoline/ethanol blend fuels)</u>, <u>distillate oil (including kerosene and diesel fuel)</u>, <u>biodiesel</u>, <u>or biodiesel/distillate oil blends fuel handling</u>;
- 5) Cafeterias, kitchens, and other facilities used for preparing food or beverages primarily for consumption at the source;
- 6) Equipment using water, water and soap or detergent, or a suspension of abrasives in water for purposes of cleaning or finishing provided no organic solvent has been added to the water;
- 7) Administrative activities including, but not limited to, paper shredding, copying, photographic activities, and blueprinting machines. This does not include incinerators;
- 8) Laundry dryers, extractors, and tumblers processing clothing, bedding, and other fabric items used at the source that have been cleaned with water solutions of bleach or detergents provided that any organic solvent present in such items before processing that is retained from clean-up operations shall be addressed as part of the VOM emissions from use of cleaning materials;
- 9) Housekeeping activities for cleaning purposes, including collecting spilled and accumulated materials at the source, including operation of fixed vacuum cleaning systems specifically for such purposes, but not including use of cleaning materials that contain organic solvent;
- 10) Refrigeration systems, including storage tanks used in refrigeration systems, but excluding any combustion equipment associated with such systems;

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

- 11) Bench scale laboratory equipment and laboratory equipment used exclusively for chemical and physical analysis, including associated laboratory fume hoods, vacuum producing devices and control devices installed primarily to address potential accidental releases;
- Restroom facilities and associated clean-up operations, and stacks or vents used to prevent the escape of sewer gases through plumbing traps;
- Activities associated with the construction, on-site repair, maintenance or dismantlement of buildings, utility lines, pipelines, wells, excavations, earthworks and other structures that do not constitute emission units;
- 14) Storage tanks of organic liquids with a capacity of less than 500 gallons, provided the tank is not used for storage of any <u>amount of material or mixture of any material</u> listed as a hazardous air pollutant pursuant to section Section 112(b) of the Clean Air Act;
- Piping and storage systems for natural gas, propane, and liquefied petroleum gas;
- 16) Water treatment or storage systems, as follows:
  - A) Systems for potable water or boiler feedwater;
  - B) Systems, including cooling towers, for process water provided that such water has not been in direct or indirect contact with process streams that contain volatile organic material or materials listed as hazardous air pollutants pursuant to <u>sectionSection</u> 112(b) of the Clean Air Act;
- 17) Lawn care, landscape maintenance, and groundskeeping activities;
- 18) Containers, reservoirs, or tanks used exclusively in dipping operations to coat objects with oils, waxes, or greases, provided no organic solvent has been mixed with such materials;
- 19) Cold cleaning degreasers that are not in-line cleaning machines, where the vapor pressure of the solvents used never exceed 2kPa (15 mmHg or 0.3

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

- psi) measured at  $38^{\circ}$ C ( $100^{\circ}$ F) or 0.7 kPa (5 mmHg or 0.1 psi) at  $20^{\circ}$ C ( $68^{\circ}$ F);
- Manually operated equipment used for buffing, polishing, carving, cutting, drilling, machining, routing, sanding, sawing, scarfing, surface grinding or turning;
- 21) Use of consumer products, including hazardous substances as that term is defined in the Federal Hazardous Substances Act (15 <u>USCU-S.C.</u>-1261 et seq.), where the product is used at a source in the same manner as normal consumer use:
- Activities directly used in the diagnosis and treatment of disease, injury or other medical condition;
- 23) Firefighting activities and training in preparation for fighting fires conducted at the source;
  - <u>BOARD NOTE</u>(Note: Open burning permits may be required for certain training activities.);
- 24) Internal combustion engine or boiler (including the fuel system) of motor vehicles, locomotives, aircraft, watercraft, lifttrucks, and other vehicles powered by nonroad engines;
- Activities associated with the construction, repair or maintenance of roads or other paved or open areas, including operation of street sweepers, vacuum trucks, spray trucks and other vehicles related to the control of fugitive emissions of such roads or other areas:
- Storage and handling of drums or other transportable containers where the containers are sealed during storage and handling;
- 27) Individual points of emission or activities as follows:
  - A) Individual flanges, valves, pump seals, pressure relief valves and other individual components that have the potential for leaks;

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

#### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

- B) Individual sampling points, analyzers, and process instrumentation, whose operation may result in emissions;
- C) Individual features of an emission unit such as each burner and sootblowers in a boiler or each use of cleaning materials on a coating or printing line;
- D) Individual equipment that is transportable or activities within a facility established for testing units prior to sale or distribution or for purposes of research; and
- E) Individual equipment or activities within a pilot plant facility that is used for research or training;

<u>BOARD NOTE</u>(Note: Notwithstanding the foregoing, such points of emissions or activities shall be addressed in a CAAPP application in sufficient detail to identify applicable requirements and demonstrate compliance with such requirements. Emission data for such activities shall be addressed in the aggregate for each emission unit or group of related emission units).

- Activities at a source associated with the modification only or construction only of a facility, an emission unit or other equipment at the source; and
  - <u>BOARD NOTE</u>(Note: Notwithstanding the status of this activity as insignificant, a particular activity that entails modification or construction of an emission unit or construction of air pollution control equipment may require a construction permit pursuant to Section 201.142 of this Part and may subsequently require a revised CAAPP permit. A revised CAAPP permit may also be necessary for operation of an emission unit after completion of a particular activity if the existing CAAPP permit does not accommodate the new state of the emission unit.)
- Activities at a source associated with the maintenance, repair, or dismantlement of an emission unit or other equipment installed at the source, not including the shutdown of the unit or equipment, including preparation for maintenance, repair or dismantlement, and preparation for subsequent startup, including preparation of a shutdown vessel for entry,

# POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

# NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

replacement of insulation, welding and cutting, and steam purging of a vessel prior to startup.

(Sourc	ee: Amended at 38 Ill. Reg, effective)
	SUBPART K: RECORDS AND REPORTS
Section 201.3	02 Reports
a)	The owner or operator of any emission unit or air pollution control equipment meeting the applicability criteria contained in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 254.102, unless specifically exempted in this Section, shall submit to the Agency as a minimum, annual reports detailing the nature, specific emission units and total annual quantities of all specified air contaminant emissions; provided, however, that the Agency may require more frequent reports when where necessary to accomplish the purposes of the Act and this Chapter.
b)	The Agency may adopt procedures which require that additional reports be submitted, and which set forth the format in which all reports shall be submitted. Such procedures and formats, and revisions thereto, shall not become effective until filed with the Secretary of State as required by the <u>Illinois Administrative Procedure ActAPA</u> .
c)	All emission data received by the Agency, shall be available for public inspection at reasonable times and upon reasonable notice.
<del>d)</del>	Retail gasoline dispensing operations are exempt from the requirements of subsection (a) above unless the source has failed to comply with 35 Ill. Adm. Code 218.586(h) or to obtain a permit under this Part if applicable.

(Source: Amended at 38 Ill. Reg. \_\_\_\_\_\_, effective \_\_\_\_\_)



#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

#### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

- 1) <u>Heading of the Part</u>: Organic Material Emission Standards and Limitations for the Chicago Area
- 2) Code Citation: 35 Ill. Adm. Code 218
- 3) Section Numbers: Proposed Action:
  218.112 Amend
  218.583 Amend
  218.586 Amend
- 4) <u>Statutory Authority</u>: Implementing Section 10 of the Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/10] and authorized by Sections 27 and 28 of the Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/27, 28].
- 5) Effective Date of Amendment:
- 6) <u>Does this rulemaking contain an automatic repeal date?</u> No.
- 7) Do these amendments contain incorporations by reference? Yes.
- 8) The text of the adopted amendments is on file in the Board's Chicago office at the James R. Thompson Center, 100 W. Randolph Street, Suite 11-500, and is available there for public inspection.
- 9) Notice of Proposal Published in Illinois Register: May 10, 2013; 37 Ill. Reg. 6054.
- 10) Has JCAR issued a Statement of Objections to this amendment? No.
- 11) <u>Differences between proposal and final version</u>: The differences between the amendments proposed at first notice and the adopted amendments are minor and non-substantive.
- Have all the changes agreed upon by the agency and JCAR been made as indicated in the agreements letter issued by JCAR? Yes.
- 13) Will these amendments replace emergency amendments currently in effect? No.
- 14) Are there any amendments pending on this Part? No.

RECEIVED

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

#### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

15) Summary and Purpose of Amendments: The rules require phasing out the Stage II vapor recovery program in the Chicago ozone nonattainment area (NAA). Stage II equipment is located at the pump nozzles of gasoline dispensing facilities (GDFs) and is designed to capture emissions from refueling motor vehicles. The phase-out is based upon the decreasing emission reductions that would result from simultaneously using on-board refueling vapor recovery (ORVR) and incompatible Stage II systems. Both vacuumassist Stage II and ORVR systems are effective in capturing gasoline vapors and reducing volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions. The two systems are generally incompatible, however, when operated simultaneously on the same vehicle. Phasing out Stage II requirements in the Chicago ozone NAA will have the following benefits: (1) allow the State of Illinois to realize additional emission reduction benefits as of January 1, 2014 (after which ORVR alone reduces more emissions than ORVR plus Stage II); (2) allow existing GDFs in the Chicago ozone NAA to decommission Stage II systems starting on January 1, 2014, and after decommissioning is complete, avoid having to operate and maintain Stage II systems; and (3) allow new GDFs locating in the Chicago ozone NAA on or after January 1, 2014, to avoid having to install, operate, and maintain Stage II systems. Accordingly, a 2013 calendar-year effective date for these rule amendments will maximize environmental and economic benefits.

Beginning January 1, 2014, new GDFs (those operating for the first time on or after January 1, 2014) are not subject to the Stage II vapor recovery equipment requirement. Also, beginning January 1, 2014, existing GDFs (those operating at any time prior to January 1, 2014) may begin decommissioning Stage II equipment, but must complete decommissioning of all Stage II equipment no later than December 31, 2016. Existing GDFs must comply with the Board's Stage II requirement until decommissioning is allowed and commenced in accordance with the rule. Decommissioning must be performed in accordance with the Petroleum Equipment Institute's "Recommended Practices for Installation and Testing of Vapor-Recovery Systems at Vehicle-Fueling Sites," PEI/RP300-09, which the Board incorporates by reference at 35 Ill. Adm. Code 218.112. Also, decommissioning must be performed by contractors licensed/registered by the Office of the State Fire Marshal and the Illinois Department of Agriculture. Further, contractors must possess the appropriate dispensermanufacturer certifications and training, if any. Additionally, the rules require the submission of decommissioning notifications, checklists, and certifications, and establish recordkeeping requirements.

The Board also repeals the Stage I vapor recovery (storage tank filling at GDFs) (35 Ill. Adm. Code 218.583(e)) registration provision due to overlapping federal notification requirements and other State tracking systems for GDFs. As part of this rulemaking, the permit exemptions formerly conditioned upon Stage I registration or Stage II registration

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

#### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

(35 Ill. Adm. Code 218.586(h)) are relocated to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 201 and do not require registration. Other minor clarifications were made. For further details, please see the Board's opinion and order of December 19, 2013, in the rulemaking captioned "Vapor Recovery Rules: Amendments to 35 Ill. Adm. Code Parts 201, 218, and 219," docket R13-18.

16) <u>Information and questions regarding these adopted amendments shall be directed to:</u>

Richard McGill Illinois Pollution Control Board 100 W. Randolph Street, Suite 11-500 Chicago, IL 60601

312-814-6983 richard.mcgill@illinois.gov

Copies of the Board's opinions and orders may be requested from the Clerk of the Board at the address listed in #8 above or by calling 312-814-3620. Please refer to the docket number, R13-18, in your request. The Board's opinions and orders are also available from the Board's website (www.ipcb.state.il.us).

The full text of the Adopted Amendments begins on the next page:

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

#### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

TITLE 35: ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
SUBTITLE B: AIR POLLUTION
CHAPTER I: POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD
SUBCHAPTER c: EMISSIONS STANDARDS AND
LIMITATIONS FOR STATIONARY SOURCES

### PART 218 ORGANIC MATERIAL EMISSION STANDARDS AND LIMITATIONS FOR THE CHICAGO AREA

#### SUBPART A: GENERAL PROVISIONS

Section	
218.100	Introduction
218.101	Savings Clause
218.102	Abbreviations and Conversion Factors
218.103	Applicability
218.104	Definitions
218.105	Test Methods and Procedures
218.106	Compliance Dates
218.107	Operation of Afterburners
218.108	Exemptions, Variations, and Alternative Means of Control or Compliance
	Determinations
218.109	Vapor Pressure of Volatile Organic Liquids
218.110	Vapor Pressure of Organic Material or Solvent
218.111	Vapor Pressure of Volatile Organic Material
218.112	Incorporations by Reference
218.113	Monitoring for Negligibly-Reactive Compounds
218.114	Compliance with Permit Conditions

# SUBPART B: ORGANIC EMISSIONS FROM STORAGE AND LOADING OPERATIONS

Section	
218.119	Applicability for VOL
218.120	Control Requirements for Storage Containers of VOL
218.121	Storage Containers of VPL
218.122	Loading Operations
218.123	Petroleum Liquid Storage Tanks

RECEIVED

DEC 23 2013

# POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

218.124 218.125 218.126 218.127 218.128 218.129	External Floating Roofs Compliance Dates Compliance Plan (Repealed) Testing VOL Operations Monitoring VOL Operations Recordkeeping and Reporting for VOL Operations
SUBPA	RT C: ORGANIC EMISSIONS FROM MISCELLANEOUS EQUIPMENT
Section	
218.141	Separation Operations
218.142	Pumps and Compressors
218.143	Vapor Blowdown
218.144	Safety Relief Valves
	SUBPART E: SOLVENT CLEANING
Section	
218.181	Solvent Cleaning Degreasing Operations
218.182	Cold Cleaning
218.183	Open Top Vapor Degreasing
218.184	Conveyorized Degreasing
218.185	Compliance Schedule (Repealed)
218.186	Test Methods
218.187	Other Industrial Solvent Cleaning Operations
	SUBPART F: COATING OPERATIONS
Section	
218.204	Emission Limitations
218.205	Daily-Weighted Average Limitations
218.206	Solids Basis Calculation
218.207	Alternative Emission Limitations
218.208	Exemptions from Emission Limitations
218.209	Exemption from General Rule on Use of Organic Material
218.210	Compliance Schedule
218.211	Recordkeeping and Reporting
218.212	Cross-Line Averaging to Establish Compliance for Coating Lines
218.213	Recordkeeping and Reporting for Cross-Line Averaging Participating Coating

# POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

	Lines
218.214	Changing Compliance Methods
218.215	Wood Furniture Coating Averaging Approach
218.216	Wood Furniture Coating Add-On Control Use
218.217	Wood Furniture Coating and Flat Wood Paneling Coating Work Practice
	Standards
218.218	Work Practice Standards for Paper Coatings, Metal Furniture Coatings, and Large Appliance Coatings
218.219	Work Practice Standards for Automobile and Light-Duty Truck Assembly
	Coatings and Miscellaneous Metal and Plastic Parts Coatings
	SUBPART G: USE OF ORGANIC MATERIAL
Section	
218.301	Use of Organic Material
218.302	Alternative Standard
218.303	Fuel Combustion Emission Units
218.304	Operations with Compliance Program
	SUBPART H: PRINTING AND PUBLISHING
Section	
218.401	Flexographic and Rotogravure Printing
218.402	Applicability
218.403	Compliance Schedule
218.404	Recordkeeping and Reporting
218.405	Lithographic Printing: Applicability
218.406	Provisions Applying to Heatset Web Offset Lithographic Printing Prior to March 15, 1996 (Repealed)
218.407	Emission Limitations and Control Requirements for Lithographic Printing Lines
218.408	Compliance Schedule for Lithographic Printing On and After March 15, 1996
210.400	(Repealed)
218.409	Testing for Lithographic Printing
218.410	
218.411	Monitoring Requirements for Lithographic Printing
218.411	Recordkeeping and Reporting for Lithographic Printing Letterpress Printing Lines: Applicability
218.412	
218.415	Emission Limitations and Control Requirements for Letterpress Printing Lines Testing for Letterpress Printing Lines
218.416	Monitoring Requirements for Letterpress Printing Lines

# POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

#### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

218.417	Recordkeeping and Reporting for Letterpress Printing Lines
---------	--

# SUBPART Q: SYNTHETIC ORGANIC CHEMICAL AND POLYMER MANUFACTURING PLANT

Section	
218.421	General Requirements
218.422	Inspection Program Plan for Leaks
218.423	Inspection Program for Leaks
218.424	Repairing Leaks
218.425	Recordkeeping for Leaks
218.426	Report for Leaks
218.427	Alternative Program for Leaks
218.428	Open-Ended Valves
218.429	Standards for Control Devices
218.430	Compliance Date (Repealed)
218.431	Applicability
218.432	Control Requirements
218.433	Performance and Testing Requirements
218.434	Monitoring Requirements
218.435	Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements
218.436	Compliance Date

# SUBPART R: PETROLEUM REFINING AND RELATED INDUSTRIES; ASPHALT MATERIALS

Section	
218.441	Petroleum Refinery Waste Gas Disposal
218.442	Vacuum Producing Systems
218.443	Wastewater (Oil/Water) Separator
218.444	Process Unit Turnarounds
218.445	Leaks: General Requirements
218.446	Monitoring Program Plan for Leaks
218.447	Monitoring Program for Leaks
218.448	Recordkeeping for Leaks
218.449	Reporting for Leaks
218.450	Alternative Program for Leaks
218.451	Sealing Device Requirements
218.452	Compliance Schedule for Leaks

# POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

#### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

218.453	Compliance Dates	(Repealed)
<b>∠10.</b> ⊤JJ	Compliance Dates	Trebeateu

Section

# SUBPART S: RUBBER AND MISCELLANEOUS PLASTIC PRODUCTS

218.461	Manufacture of Pneumatic Rubber Tires
218.462	Green Tire Spraying Operations
218.463	Alternative Emission Reduction Systems
218.464	Emission Testing
218.465	Compliance Dates (Repealed)
218.466	Compliance Plan (Repealed)
	SUBPART T: PHARMACEUTICAL MANUFACTURING
Section	
218.480	Applicability
218.481	Control of Reactors, Distillation Units, Crystallizers, Centrifuges and Vacuum
	Dryers
218.482	Control of Air Dryers, Production Equipment Exhaust Systems and Filters
218.483	Material Storage and Transfer
218.484	In-Process Tanks
218.485	Leaks
218.486	Other Emission Units
218.487	Testing
218.488	Monitoring for Air Pollution Control Equipment
218.489	Recordkeeping for Air Pollution Control Equipment

### SUBPART V: BATCH OPERATIONS AND AIR OXIDATION PROCESSES

Section	
218.500	Applicability for Batch Operations
218.501	Control Requirements for Batch Operations
218.502	Determination of Uncontrolled Total Annual Mass Emissions and Average Flow
	Rate Values for Batch Operations
218.503	Performance and Testing Requirements for Batch Operations
218.504	Monitoring Requirements for Batch Operations
218.505	Reporting and Recordkeeping for Batch Operations
218.506	Compliance Date
218.520	Emission Limitations for Air Oxidation Processes

# POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

218.521 218.522 218.523 218.524 218.525 218.526 218.527	Definitions (Repealed) Savings Clause Compliance Determination of Applicability Emission Limitations for Air Oxidation Processes Testing and Monitoring Compliance Date (Repealed)
	SUBPART W: AGRICULTURE
Section 218.541	Pesticide Exception
	SUBPART X: CONSTRUCTION
Section 218.561 218.562 218.563	Architectural Coatings Paving Operations Cutback Asphalt
	SUBPART Y: GASOLINE DISTRIBUTION
Section 218.581 218.582 218.583 218.584 218.585 218.586	Bulk Gasoline Plants Bulk Gasoline Terminals Gasoline Dispensing Operations – Storage Tank Filling Operations Gasoline Delivery Vessels Gasoline Volatility Standards (Repealed) Gasoline Dispensing Operations – Motor Vehicle Fueling Operations
	SUBPART Z: DRY CLEANERS
Section 218.601 218.602 218.603 218.604 218.605 218.606	Perchloroethylene Dry Cleaners (Repealed) Applicability (Repealed) Leaks (Repealed) Compliance Dates (Repealed) Compliance Plan (Repealed) Exception to Compliance Plan (Repealed)

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

## NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

218.607	Standards for Petroleum Solvent Dry Cleaners
218.608	Operating Practices for Petroleum Solvent Dry Cleaners
218.609	Program for Inspection and Repair of Leaks
218.610	Testing and Monitoring
218.611	Applicability for Petroleum Solvent Dry Cleaners
218.612	Compliance Dates (Repealed)
218.613	Compliance Plan (Repealed)
	SUBPART AA: PAINT AND INK MANUFACTURING
Section	
218.620	Applicability
218.621	Exemption for Waterbase Material and Heatset-Offset Ink
218.623	Permit Conditions (Repealed)
218.624	Open-Top Mills, Tanks, Vats or Vessels
218.625	Grinding Mills
218.626	Storage Tanks
218.628	Leaks
218.630	Clean Up
218.636	Compliance Schedule
218.637	Recordkeeping and Reporting
	SUBPART BB: POLYSTYRENE PLANTS
Section	
218.640	Applicability
218.642	Emissions Limitation at Polystyrene Plants
218.644	Emissions Testing
SUBI	PART CC: POLYESTER RESIN PRODUCT MANUFACTURING PROCESS
Section	
218.660	Applicability
218.666	Control Requirements

SUBPART DD: AEROSOL CAN FILLING

Recordkeeping and Reporting for Exempt Emission Units

Recordkeeping and Reporting for Subject Emission Units

Compliance Schedule

Testing

218.667

218.668

218.670

218.672

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

Section	
218.680	Applicability
218.686	Control Requirements
218.688	Testing
218.690	Recordkeeping and Reporting for Exempt Emission Units
218.692	Recordkeeping and Reporting for Subject Emission Units
	SUBPART FF: BAKERY OVENS (REPEALED)
Section	
218.720	Applicability (Repealed)
218.722	Control Requirements (Repealed)
218.726	Testing (Repealed)
218.727	Monitoring (Repealed)
218.728	Recordkeeping and Reporting (Repealed)
218.729	Compliance Date (Repealed)
218.730	Certification (Repealed)
	SUBPART GG: MARINE TERMINALS
Section	
218.760	Applicability
218.762	Control Requirements
218.764	Compliance Certification
218.766	Leaks
218.768	Testing and Monitoring
218.770	Recordkeeping and Reporting
	SUBPART HH: MOTOR VEHICLE REFINISHING
Section	
218.780	Emission Limitations
218.782	Alternative Control Requirements
218.784	Equipment Specifications
218.786	Surface Preparation Materials
218.787	Work Practices
218.788	Testing
218.789	Monitoring and Recordkeeping for Control Devices

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

## NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

218.790	General Recordkeeping and Reporting (Repealed)
218.791	Compliance Date
218.792	Registration (Repealed)
218.875	Applicability of Subpart BB (Renumbered)
218.877	Emissions Limitation at Polystyrene Plants (Renumbered)
218.879	Compliance Date (Repealed)
218.881	Compliance Plan (Repealed)
218.883	Special Requirements for Compliance Plan (Repealed)
218.886	Emissions Testing (Renumbered)
٠	SUBPART II: FIBERGLASS BOAT MANUFACTURING MATERIALS
Section	
218.890	Applicability
218.891	Emission Limitations and Control Requirements
218.892	Testing Requirements
218.894	Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements
	SUBPART JJ: MISCELLANEOUS INDUSTRIAL ADHESIVES
Section	
218.900	Applicability
218.901	Emission Limitations and Control Requirements
218.902	Testing Requirements
218.903	Monitoring Requirements
218.904	Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements
	SUBPART PP: MISCELLANEOUS FABRICATED PRODUCT MANUFACTURING PROCESSES
Section	
218.920	Applicability
218.920	Permit Conditions (Repealed)
218.925	Control Requirements
218.920	Compliance Schedule
218.927	Testing
218.928	Cementable and Dress or Performance Shoe Leather
410.749	Cementable and Diess of Ferformance Shoe Leather

SUBPART QQ: MISCELLANEOUS FORMULATION MANUFACTURING PROCESSES

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

Section 218.940 218.943 218.946 218.947 218.948	Applicability Permit Conditions (Repealed) Control Requirements Compliance Schedule Testing  SUBPART RR: MISCELLANEOUS ORGANIC CHEMICAL MANUFACTURING PROCESSES
Section 218.960 218.963 218.966 218.967 218.968	Applicability Permit Conditions (Repealed) Control Requirements Compliance Schedule Testing
	SUBPART TT: OTHER EMISSION UNITS
Section 218.980 218.983 218.986 218.987 218.988	Applicability Permit Conditions (Repealed) Control Requirements Compliance Schedule Testing
	SUBPART UU: RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING
Section 218.990 218.991	Exempt Emission Units Subject Emission Units
218.APPEND 218.APPEND 218.APPEND 218.APPEND 218.APPEND	Manufacturing VOM Measurement Techniques for Capture Efficiency (Repealed) Reference Methods and Procedures Coefficients for the Total Resource Effectiveness Index (TRE) Equation

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

## NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

218.APPENDIX G 218.APPENDIX H TRE Index Measurements for SOCMI Reactors and Distillation Units Baseline VOM Content Limitations for Subpart F, Section 218.212 Cross-Line Averaging

AUTHORITY: Implementing Section 10 and authorized by Sections 27, 28, and 28.5 of the Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/10, 27, 28, and 28.5].

SOURCE: Adopted at R91-7 at 15 Ill. Reg. 12231, effective August 16, 1991; amended in R91-24 at 16 Ill. Reg. 13564, effective August 24, 1992; amended in R91-28 and R91-30 at 16 Ill. Reg. 13864, effective August 24, 1992; amended in R93-9 at 17 Ill. Reg. 16636, effective September 27, 1993; amended in R93-14 at 18 Ill. Reg. 1945, effective January 24, 1994; amended in R94-12 at 18 Ill. Reg. 14973, effective September 21, 1994; amended in R94-15 at 18 Ill. Reg. 16392, effective October 25, 1994; amended in R94-16 at 18 Ill. Reg. 16950. effective November 15, 1994; amended in R94-21, R94-31 and R94-32 at 19 Ill. Reg. 6848, effective May 9, 1995; amended in R94-33 at 19 Ill. Reg. 7359, effective May 22, 1995; amended in R96-13 at 20 Ill. Reg. 14428, effective October 17, 1996; amended in R97-24 at 21 Ill. Reg. 7708, effective June 9, 1997; amended in R97-31 at 22 Ill. Reg. 3556, effective February 2, 1998; amended in R98-16 at 22 Ill. Reg. 14282, effective July 16, 1998; amended in R02-20 at 27 Ill. Reg. 7283, effective April 8, 2003; amended in R04-12/20 at 30 Ill. Reg. 9684, effective May 15, 2006; amended in R06-21 at 31 Ill. Reg. 7086, effective April 30, 2007; amended in R08-8 at 32 Ill. Reg. 14874, effective August 26, 2008; amended in R10-10 at 34 Ill. Reg. 5330, effective March 23, 2010; amended in R10-8 at 34 III. Reg. 9096, effective June 25, 2010; amended in R10-20 at 34 Ill. Reg. 14174, effective September 14, 2010; amended in R10-8(A) at 35 Ill. Reg. 469, effective December 21, 2010; amended in R11-23 at 35 Ill. Reg. 13473, effective July 27, 2011; amended in R11-23(A) at 35 Ill. Reg. 18813, effective October 25, 2011; amended in R12-24 at 37 Ill. Reg. 1699, effective January 28, 2013; amended in R13-18 at 38 Ill. Reg.\_\_\_\_\_, effective \_\_\_\_\_.

## SUBPART A: GENERAL PROVISIONS

## Section 218.112 Incorporations by Reference

The following materials are incorporated by reference and do not contain any subsequent additions or amendments.

- a) American Society for Testing and Materials, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, West Conshohocken PA 19428-9555:
  - 1) ASTM D 2879-86

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

2)	ASTN	ЛD	: 323_	በዩ
<i>~</i> ;	X YO I I	$\mathbf{v}_{\mathbf{L}}$	'JZJ-	vv

- 3) ASTM D 86-82
- 4) ASTM D 369-69 (1971)
- 5) ASTM D 396-69
- 6) ASTM D 2880-71
- 7) ASTM D 975-68
- 8) ASTM D 3925-81 (1985)
- 9) ASTM E 300-86
- 10) ASTM D 1475-85
- 11) ASTM D 2369-87
- 12) ASTM D 3792-86
- 13) ASTM D 4017-81 (1987)
- 14) ASTM D 4457-85
- 15) ASTM D 2697-86
- 16) ASTM D 3980-87
- 17) ASTM E 180-85
- 18) ASTM D 2372-85
- 19) ASTM D 97-66
- 20) ASTM E 168-67 (1977)

### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

- 21) ASTM E 169-87
- 22) ASTM E 260-91
- 23) ASTM D 2504-83
- 24) ASTM D 2382-83
- 25) ASTM D 2099-00
- b) Standard Industrial Classification Manual, published by Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget, Washington, D.C., 1987.
- c) American Petroleum Institute Bulletin 2517, "Evaporation Loss From Floating Roof Tanks", Second ed., February 1980.
- d) 40 CFR 60 (July 1, 1991) and 40 CFR 60, <u>appendix Appendix</u> A, Method 24 (57 FR 30654, July 10, 1992).
- e) 40 CFR 61 (July 1, 1991).
- f) 40 CFR 50 (July 1, 1991).
- g) 40 CFR 51 (July 1, 1991) and 40 CFR 51, appendix M, Methods 204-204F (July 1, 1999).
- h) 40 CFR 52 (July 1, 1991).
- i) "A Guide for Surface Coating Calculation", July 1986, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C., EPA-340/1-86-016.
- j) "Procedures for Certifying Quantity of Volatile Organic Compounds Emitted by Paint, Ink and Other Coating" (revised June 1986), United States Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C., EPA-450/3-84-019.
- k) "A Guide for Graphic Arts Calculations", August 1988, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C., EPA-340/1-88-003.
- 1) "Protocol for Determining the Daily Volatile Organic Compound Emission Rate of

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

#### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

Automobile and Light-Duty Truck Topcoat Operations", December 1988, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C., EPA-450/3-88-018.

- m) "Control of Volatile Organic Emissions from Manufacturing of Synthesized Pharmaceutical Products", December 1978, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C., EPA-450/2-78-029278-029.
- n) "Control of Volatile Organic Compound Leaks from Gasoline Tank Trucks and Vapor Collection Systems", December 1978, Appendix B, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C., EPA-450/2-78-051.
- o) "Control of Volatile Organic Compound Emissions from Large Petroleum Dry Cleaners", September 1982, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C., EPA-450/3-82-009.
- p) "APTI Course SI417 Controlling Volatile Organic Compound Emissions from Leaking Process Equipment", 1982, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C., EPA-450/2-82-015.
- q) "Portable Instrument User's Manual for Monitoring VOC Sources", June 1986, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C., EPA-340/1-86-015.
- r) "Protocols for Generating Unit-Specific Emission Estimates for Equipment Leaks of VOC and VHAP", October 1988, <u>UnitesUnited</u> States Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C., EPA-450/3-88-010.
- s) "Petroleum Refinery Enforcement Manual", March 1980, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C., EPA-340/1-80-008.
- t) "Inspection Manual for Control of Volatile Organic Emissions from Gasoline Marketing Operations: Appendix D", 1980, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C., EPA-340/1-80-012.
- u) "Control of Hydrocarbons from Tank Truck Gasoline Loading Terminals: Appendix A", December 1977, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C., EPA-450/2-77-026.
- v) "Technical Guidance Stage II Vapor Recovery Systems for Control of Vehicle

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

Refueling Emissions at Gasoline Dispensing Facilities", November 1991, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C., EPA-450/3-91-022b.

- w) California Air Resources Board, Compliance Division. Compliance Assistance Program: Gasoline Marketing and Distribution: Gasoline Facilities Phase I & II (October 1988, rev. November 1993) (CARB Manual).
- x) South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD), Applied Science & Technology Division, Laboratory Services Branch, SCAQMD Method 309-91, Determination of Static Volatile Emissions (February 1993).
- y) South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD), Applied Science & Technology Division, Laboratory Services Branch, SCAQMD Method 312-91, Determination of Percent Monomer in Polyester Resins (April 1996).
- z) "Guidelines for Determining Capture Efficiency", January 1995, Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Research Triangle Park NC.
- aa) Memorandum "Revised Capture Efficiency Guidance for Control of Volatile Organic Compound Emissions", February 1995, John S. Seitz, Director, Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards, United States Environmental Protection Agency.
- bb) "Protocol for Determining the Daily Volatile Organic Compound Emission Rate of Automobile and Light-Duty Truck Primer-Surfacer and Topcoat Operations", September 2008, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C., EPA-453/R-08-002.
- cc) 40 CFR 63, subpart PPPP, appendix A (2008).
- dd) 46 CFR subchapter Q (2007).
- ee) 46 CFR subchapter T (2008).
- <u>Petroleum Equipment Institute, "Recommended Practices for Installation and Testing of Vapor-Recovery Systems at Vehicle-Fueling Sites", PEI/RP300-09 (2009).</u>

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

#### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

(Source:	Amended at 38	Ill. Reg.	, effective	`
----------	---------------	-----------	-------------	---

### SUBPART Y: GASOLINE DISTRIBUTION

## **Section 218.583 Gasoline Dispensing Operations – Storage Tank Filling Operations**

- a) Subject to subsection (b)-below, no person shall cause or allow the transfer of gasoline from any delivery vessel into any stationary storage tank at a gasoline dispensing operation unless:
  - 1) The tank is equipped with a submerged loading pipe; and
  - 2) The vapors displaced from the storage tank during filling are processed by a vapor control system that includes one or more of the following:
    - A) A vapor collection system that meets the requirements of subsection (d)(4)-below; or
    - B) A refrigeration-condensation system or any other system approved by the Agency and approved by the USEPA as a SIP revision, that recovers at least 90 percent by weight of all vaporized organic material from the equipment being controlled; and
    - C) The delivery vessel displays the appropriate sticker pursuant to the requirements of Section 218.584(b) or (d) of this Part; and
  - 3) By March 15, 1995, all tank vent pipes are equipped with pressure/vacuum relief valves with the following design specifications:
    - A) The pressure/vacuum relief valve shall be set to resist a pressure of at least 3.5 inches water column and to resist a vacuum of no less than 6.0 inches water column; or
    - B) The pressure/vacuum relief valve shall meet the requirements of Section 218.586(c) of this Part; and
  - 4) The owner or operator of a gasoline dispensing operation demonstrates compliance with subsection (a)(3) of this Section, by March 15, 1995 or 30 days after installation of each pressure/vacuum relief valve, whichever

### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

is later, and at least annually thereafter, by measuring and recording the pressure indicated by a pressure/vacuum gauge at each tank vent pipe. The test shall be performed on each tank vent pipe within two hours after product delivery into the respective storage tank. For manifold tank vent systems, observations at any point within the system shall be adequate. The owner or operator shall maintain any records required by this subsection for a period of three years.

- b) The requirements of subsections (a)(2) and (a)(3) above shall not apply to transfers of gasoline to a stationary storage tank at a gasoline dispensing operation if:
  - 1) The tank is equipped with a floating roof, or other system of equal or better emission control approved by the Agency and approved by the USEPA as a SIP revision;
  - 2) The tank has a capacity of less than 2000 gallons and was in place and operating before January 1, 1979; or
  - 3) The tank has a capacity of less than 575 gallons.
- c) Subject to subsection (b) above, each owner of a gasoline dispensing operation shall:
  - 1) Install all control systems and make all process modifications required by subsection (a)-above;
  - 2) Provide instructions to the operator of the gasoline dispensing operation describing necessary maintenance operations and procedures for prompt notification of the owner in case of any malfunction of a vapor control system; and
  - 3) Repair, replace or modify any worn out or malfunctioning component or element of design.
- d) Subject to subsection (b) above, each operator of a gasoline dispensing operation shall:

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

- 1) Maintain and operate each vapor control system in accordance with the owner's instructions;
- 2) Promptly notify the owner of any scheduled maintenance or malfunction requiring replacement or repair of a major component of a vapor control system;
- 3) Maintain gauges, meters or other specified testing devices in proper working order;
- 4) Operate the vapor collection system and delivery vessel unloading points in a manner that prevents:
  - A) A reading equal to or greater than 100 percent of the lower explosive limit (LEL measured as propane) when tested in accordance with the procedure described in EPA 450/2-78-051 <a href="mailto:appendixAppendix">appendixAppendix</a> B incorporated by reference in Section 218.112 of this Part-; and
  - B) Avoidable leaks of liquid during the filling of storage tanks; and
- 5) Within 15 business days after discovery of the leak by the owner, operator, or the Agency, repair and retest a vapor collection system which exceeds the limits of subsection (d)(4)(A)-above.
- e) Any retail gasoline dispensing operation subject to subsection (a) above, unless subject to Section 218.586 of this Part, shall be exempt from the permit requirements specified under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 201.142, 201.143, and 201.144 provided that:
  - The owner or operator of the gasoline dispensing operation submits to the Agency a registration which provides, at a minimum, the operation name and address, signature of the owner or operator, the location (including contact person's name, address and telephone number) of records and reports required by this Section, the number of underground tanks, the number of tank pipe vents, and the date of completion of installation of the vapor control system and pressure/vacuum relief valve.

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

## NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

- The registration is submitted to the Agency by March 15, 1995 or 30 days after installation of a vapor control system or pressure/vacuum relief valve, whichever is later.
- 3) The registration certification is displayed at the gasoline dispensing operation.
- 4) Upon modification of an existing vapor control system or pressure/vacuum relief valve, the owner or operator of the gasoline dispensing operation submits to the Agency a registration that details the changes to the information provided in the previous registration and which includes the signature of the owner or operator. The registration must be submitted to the Agency within 30 days after completion of such modification.

(Source:	Amended at 38 Ill	. Reg.	, effective
(			, 01100110

## Section 218.586 Gasoline Dispensing Operations - Motor Vehicle Fueling Operations

- a) <u>Definitions.</u> For the purposes of this Section, the following definitions apply.
  - Average monthly volume means the amount of motor vehicle fuel dispensed per month from a gasoline dispensing operation based upon a monthly average for the 2-year period of November, 1990 through October, 1992 or, if not available, the monthly average for the most recent twelve calendar months. Monthly averages are to include only those months when the operation was operating.
  - Certified means any vapor collection and control system which has been tested and approved by CARB as having a vapor recovery and removal efficiency of at least 95% (by weight) shall constitute a certified vapor collection and control system. CARB testing and approval is pursuant to the CARB manual, incorporated by reference at Section 218.112 of this Part.
  - 3) Completion of installation means the successful passing of one or more of the following tests applicable to the installed vapor collection and control system: Dynamic Backpressure Test, Pressure Decay/Leak Test, and

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

Liquid Blockage Test, incorporated by reference at <u>Section 218.112</u> of this Part.

- 4) Constructed means fabricated, erected or installed; refers to any facility, emission source or air pollution control equipment.
- 45) CARB means California Air Resources Board, P.O. Box 2815, Sacramento, CA 95812.
- $\underline{56}$ ) Employee means any person who performs work for an employer.
- 67) Operation means any building, structure, installation, operation or combination thereof located on contiguous properties and under common ownership that provides for the dispensing of motor vehicle fuel.
- Gasoline dispensing operation means any operation where motor vehicle fuel is dispensed into motor vehicle fuel tanks or portable containers from a storage tank with a capacity of 2176 liters (575 gallons) or more.
- 89) Modification means any change, removal or addition, other than an identical replacement, of any component contained within the vapor collection and control system.
- <u>910</u>) Motor vehicle means any self-propelled vehicle powered by an internal combustion engine including, but not limited to, automobiles and trucks. Specifically excluded from this definition are watercraft and aircraft.
- 1011) Motor vehicle fuel means any petroleum distillate having a Reid vapor pressure of more than 27.6 kilopascals (kPa) (four pounds per square inch) and which is used to power motor vehicles.
- 1112) Owner or operator means any person who owns, leases, operates, manages, supervises or controls (directly or indirectly) a gasoline dispensing operation.
- 1213) Reid vapor pressure for gasoline, shall be measured in accordance with either the method ASTM D323-08 or a modification of ASTM D323 known as the "dry method" as set forth in 40 CFR 80, Appendix E,

### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

## NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

incorporated by references in 35-III. Adm. Code Section 218.112 of this Part.

- 1314) Vapor collection and control system means any system certified by CARB which limits the discharge to the atmosphere of motor vehicle fuel vapors displaced during the dispensing of motor vehicle fuel into motor vehicle fuel tanks.
- Applicability. The provisions of subsection (c) below shall apply to any gasoline dispensing operation which dispenses an average monthly volume of more than 10,000 gallons of motor vehicle fuel per month. Compliance shall be required and demonstrated in accordance with the schedule provided in subsection (d) below.
- Vapor Collection and Control Systems. No owner or operator of a gasoline dispensing operation subject to the requirements of subsection (b) above shall cause or allow the dispensing of motor vehicle fuel at any time from a motor fuel dispenser unless the dispenser is equipped with and utilizes a vapor collection and control system which is properly installed and operated as provided belowin this subsection (c):
  - 1) Any vapor collection and control system installed, used or maintained has been CARB certified.
  - 2) Any vapor collection and control system utilized is maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and the certification.
  - No elements or components of a vapor collection and control system are modified, removed, replaced or otherwise rendered inoperative in a manner which prevents the system from performing in accordance with its certification and design specifications.
  - 4) A vapor collection and control system has no defective, malfunctioning or missing components.
  - 5) Operators and employees of the gasoline dispensing operation are trained and instructed in the proper operation and maintenance of a vapor collection and control system.

### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

- 6) Instructions are posted in a conspicuous and visible place within the motor fuel dispensing area and describe the proper method of dispensing motor vehicle fuel with the use of the vapor collection and control system.
- d) <u>Compliance.</u> In conjunction with the compliance provisions of Section 218.105 of this Part, <u>gasoline dispensing</u> operations subject to the requirements of subsection (c) <del>above</del> shall <u>comply and</u> demonstrate compliance according to the following:
  - 1) Gasoline dispensing operations that operate at any time prior to January 1, 2014 shall comply with subsection (c) until decommissioning is allowed and commenced in accordance with subsections (i)(l) and (i)(2)(B).
  - 2) The provisions of subsection (c) shall not apply to any new gasoline dispensing operation that commences operating for the first time on or after January 1, 2014.
  - 1) Operations that commenced construction after November 1, 1990, must comply by May 1, 1993.
  - 2) Operations that commenced construction before November 1, 1990, and dispense an average monthly volume of more than 100,000 gallons of motor fuel per month must comply by November 1, 1993.
  - 3) Operations that commenced construction before November 1, 1990, and dispense an average monthly volume of less than 100,000 gallons of motor fuel per month must comply by November 1, 1994.
  - 4) New operations constructed after the adoption of this Section shall comply with the requirements of subsection (c) above upon startup of the operation.
  - 5) Existing operations previously exempted from but which become subject to the requirements of subsection (c) above after May 1, 1993 shall comply with the requirements of subsection (c) above within six calendar months of the date from which the operation becomes subject.

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

- e) Except as provided in subsection (d), any Any gasoline dispensing operation that becomes subject to the provisions of subsection (c) above at any time shall remain subject to the provisions of subsection (c) above at all times.
- f) Upon request by the Agency, the owner or operator of a gasoline dispensing operation which claims to be exempt from the requirements of subsection (c) this Section shall submit records to the Agency within 30 calendar days from the date of the request which demonstrate that the gasoline dispensing operation is in fact exempt.
- g) Recordkeeping and Reportingreporting:
  - 1) Any gasoline dispensing operation subject to subsection (c) above shall retain at the operation copies of the registration information required at subsection (h) below.
  - 2) Except as provided in subsection (g)(4), recordsRecords and reports required pursuant to this subsection (g) shall be made available to the Agency upon request.
  - Records and reports, which shall be maintained by the owner or operator of <u>a</u> the gasoline dispensing operation <u>subject to subsection (c)</u>, shall clearly demonstrate:
    - A) That a certified vapor collection and control system has been installed and tested to verify its performance according to its specifications.
    - B) That proper maintenance has been conducted in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and requirements.
    - C) The time period and duration of all malfunctions of the vapor collection and control system.
    - D) The motor vehicle fuel throughput of the operation for each calendar month of the previous year.
    - E) That operators and employees are trained and instructed in the proper operation and maintenance of the vapor collection and

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

control system and informed as to the potential penalties associated with the violation of any provision of this Section.

- Any and all records relating to decommissioning shall be maintained by the owner or operator of a gasoline dispensing operation for a period of 5 years after completion of decommissioning in accordance with subsection (i). For purposes of this subsection (g)(4), "records" include, but are not limited to, any documents, papers, reports, test results, logs, invoices, forms, certifications and receipts that relate to decommissioning. Records relating to decommissioning shall be made available to the Agency or its designee within 30 minutes after the Agency's, or its designee's, request.
- h) Any gasoline dispensing operation subject to subsection (c) above-shall comply with the following registration requirements be exempt from the permit requirements specified under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 201.142, 201.143 and 201.144 for its vapor collection and control systems, provided that:
  - 1) Upon the installation of a vapor collection and control system, the owner or operator of the gasoline dispensing operation shall submitsubmits to the Agency a registration which provides at minimum the operation name and address, signature of the owner or operator, the CARB Executive Order Number for the vapor collection and control system to be utilized, the number of nozzles (excluding diesel or kerosene) used for motor vehicle refueling, the monthly average volume of motor vehicle fuel dispensed, the location (including contact person's name, address, and telephone number) of records and reports required by this Section, and the date of completion of installation of the vapor collection and control system.
  - 2) The registration <u>shall beis</u> submitted to the Agency within 30 days <u>afterof</u> completion of <u>thesuch</u>-installation.
  - 3) A copy of the registration information <u>shall beis</u> maintained at the gasoline dispensing operation.
  - 4) Upon the modification of an existing vapor collection and control system, the owner or operator of the gasoline dispensing operation shall submitsubmits to the Agency a registration that details the changes to the information provided in the previous registration of the vapor collection and control system and which includes the signature of the owner or

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

#### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

operator. The registration must be submitted to the Agency within 30 days <u>after</u> completion of <u>the</u>such modification.

i) Decommissioning. The owner or operator of a gasoline dispensing operation subject at any time to subsection (c) shall decommission vapor collection and control systems in accordance with the provisions of this subsection (i).

## 1) Compliance

- A) Beginning January 1, 2014, an owner or operator of a gasoline dispensing operation may commence decommissioning of vapor collection and control systems. The decommissioning of vapor collection and control systems must be conducted in accordance with all of the provisions specified in subsection (i)(2).
- B) No later than December 31, 2016, an owner or operator of a gasoline dispensing operation shall complete the decommissioning of all vapor collection and control systems in accordance with all of the provisions specified in subsection (i)(2).
- <u>Decommissioning Procedures and Standards. The decommissioning of vapor collection and control systems shall be conducted as follows:</u>
  - A) The owner or operator of a gasoline dispensing operation shall complete and submit a notice of intent form, provided by the Agency, notifying the Agency of its intent to decommission. The completed notice of intent form shall be submitted to the Agency at least 10 days prior to commencing decommissioning in accordance with subsection (i)(2)(B);
  - B) The owner or operator of a gasoline dispensing operation shall decommission vapor collection and control systems in accordance with all of the procedures specified in Section 14.6, except Section 14.6.14, of the Petroleum Equipment Institute's "Recommended Practices for Installation and Testing of Vapor-Recovery Systems at Vehicle-Fueling Sites", PEI/RP 300-09 (PEI), incorporated by reference at Section 218.112 of this Part. In addition to Section 14.6 of the PEI, the following requirements apply to decommissioning:

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

- i) All decommissioning procedures, except testing, shall be performed only by a contractor who is both registered with the Illinois Department of Agriculture, Bureau of Weights and Measures, in the 3-A Gasoline Pump Meters Code pursuant to Section 8.1 of the Weights and Measures Act [225 ILCS 470/8.1] and licensed by the Office of the State Fire Marshal (OSFM) in the installation/retrofitting licensure module pursuant to the Petroleum Equipment Contractors Licensing Act [225 ILCS 729] and implementing regulations at 41 Ill. Adm. Code 172. Any such contractor shall also have the appropriate dispensermanufacturer certification and training, if any. In the event that product piping must be broken or an OSFM permit is otherwise required for any component of the work, the contractor shall ensure that the OSFM-permitted work is performed by the appropriate OSFM-licensed contractor and personnel;
- ii) Decommissioning procedures related to testing shall be performed only by a contractor who is licensed by OSFM in the tank tightness testing licensure module pursuant to the Petroleum Equipment Contractors Licensing Act and implementing regulations at 41 Ill. Adm. Code 172; and
- iii) The pressure decay test required by the PEI shall be passed in accordance with Appendix A of the PEI. The tie-tank test required by the PEI shall be conducted and passed in accordance with CARB TP201.3C to ensure that all tanks are properly vented; and
- The owner or operator of a gasoline dispensing operation and the contractors that performed the decommissioning shall complete and sign a decommissioning checklist and certification, provided by the Agency, documenting the decommissioning procedures performed. Within 30 days after completion of the decommissioning procedures specified by subsection (i)(2)(B), the owner or operator shall provide the completed checklist and certification and the test results to the Agency.

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

## NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

(Source: Amended at 38 Ill. Reg. \_\_\_\_\_, effective \_\_\_\_\_)

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

- 1) <u>Heading of the Part</u>: Organic Material Emission Standards and Limitations for the Metro East Area
- 2) <u>Code Citation</u>: 35 Ill. Adm. Code 219
- 3) Section Numbers: Proposed Action:
  219.105 Amend
  219.112 Amend
  219.583 Amend
- 4) <u>Statutory Authority</u>: Implementing Section 10 of the Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/10] and authorized by Sections 27 and 28 of the Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/27, 28].
- 5) <u>Effective Date of Amendment:</u>
- 6) <u>Does this rulemaking contain an automatic repeal date?</u> No.
- 7) <u>Do these amendments contain incorporations by reference?</u> Yes.
- 8) The text of the adopted amendments is on file in the Board's Chicago office at the James R. Thompson Center, 100 W. Randolph Street, Suite 11-500, and is available there for public inspection.
- 9) Notice of Proposal Published in Illinois Register: May 10, 2013; 37 Ill. Reg. 6083.
- 10) Has JCAR issued a Statement of Objections to this amendment? No.
- 11) <u>Differences between proposal and final version</u>: The differences between the amendments proposed at first notice and the adopted amendments are minor and non-substantive.
- Have all the changes agreed upon by the agency and JCAR been made as indicated in the agreements letter issued by JCAR? Yes.
- 13) Will these amendments replace emergency amendments currently in effect? No.
- 14) Are there any amendments pending on this Part? No.

RECEIVED

DEC 23 2013

### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

## NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

- Summary and Purpose of Amendments: The Board repeals Stage II vapor recovery (gasoline dispensing to motor vehicles at gasoline dispensing facilities (GDFs)) test methods and a Stage II vapor recovery guidance document because the Stage II vapor recovery rule/program in the Metro-East nonattainment area was repealed in 1994. In addition, the Board repeals the Stage I vapor recovery (storage tank filling at GDFs) registration provision (35 Ill. Adm. Code 219.583(e)) due to overlapping federal notification requirements and other State tracking systems for GDFs. As part of this rulemaking, the permit exemption conditioned upon Stage I registration is relocated to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 201 and does not require registration. For further details, please see the Board's opinion and order of December 19, 2013, in the rulemaking captioned "Vapor Recovery Rules: Amendments to 35 Ill. Adm. Code Parts 201, 218, and 219," docket R13-18.
- 16) <u>Information and questions regarding these adopted amendments shall be directed to:</u>

Richard McGill Illinois Pollution Control Board 100 W. Randolph Street, Suite 11-500 Chicago, IL 60601

312-814-6983 richard.mcgill@illinois.gov

Copies of the Board's opinions and orders may be requested from the Clerk of the Board at the address listed in #8 above or by calling 312-814-3620. Please refer to the docket number, R13-18, in your request. The Board's opinions and orders are also available from the Board's website (www.ipcb.state.il.us).

The full text of the Adopted Amendments begins on the next page:

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

## NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

TITLE 35: ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION SUBTITLE B: AIR POLLUTION CHAPTER I: POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD SUBCHAPTER c: EMISSIONS STANDARDS AND LIMITATIONS FOR STATIONARY SOURCES

# PART 219 ORGANIC MATERIAL EMISSION STANDARDS AND LIMITATIONS FOR THE METRO EAST AREA

## SUBPART A: GENERAL PROVISIONS

Section	
219.100	Introduction
219.101	Savings Clause
219.102	Abbreviations and Conversion Factors
219.103	Applicability
219.104	Definitions
219.105	Test Methods and Procedures
219.106	Compliance Dates
219.107	Operation of Afterburners
219.108	Exemptions, Variations, and Alternative Means of Control or Compliance
	Determinations
219.109	Vapor Pressure of Volatile Organic Liquids
219.110	Vapor Pressure of Organic Material or Solvent
219.111	Vapor Pressure of Volatile Organic Material
219.112	Incorporations by Reference
219.113	Monitoring for Negligibly-Reactive Compounds

## SUBPART B: ORGANIC EMISSIONS FROM STORAGE AND LOADING OPERATIONS

Section		
219.119	Applicability for VOL	
219.120	Control Requirements for Storage Containers of VOL	
219.121	Storage Containers of VPL	
219.122	Loading Operations	
219.123	Petroleum Liquid Storage Tanks	
219.124	External Floating Roofs	
219.125	Compliance Dates	RECEIVED
219.126	Compliance Plan (Repealed)	TO E. VED
	-	DEC 9 9 0040

DEC 23 2013

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

219.127	Testing VOL Operations
219.128	Monitoring VOL Operations
219.129	Recordkeeping and Reporting for VOL Operations
SUB	PART C: ORGANIC EMISSIONS FROM MISCELLANEOUS EQUIPMENT
Section	
219.141	Separation Operations
219.142	Pumps and Compressors
219.143	Vapor Blowdown
219.144	Safety Relief Valves
	SUBPART E: SOLVENT CLEANING
Section	
219.181	Solvent Cleaning Degreasing Operations
219.182	Cold Cleaning
219.183	Open Top Vapor Degreasing
219.184	Conveyorized Degreasing
219.185	Compliance Schedule (Repealed)
219.186	Test Methods
219.187	Other Industrial Solvent Cleaning Operations
	SUBPART F: COATING OPERATIONS
Section	
219.204	Emission Limitations
219.205	Daily-Weighted Average Limitations
219.206	Solids Basis Calculation
219.207	Alternative Emission Limitations
219.208	Exemptions From Emission Limitations
219.209	Exemption From General Rule on Use of Organic Material
219.210	Compliance Schedule
219.211	Recordkeeping and Reporting
219.212	Cross-Line Averaging to Establish Compliance for Coating Lines
219.213	Recordkeeping and Reporting for Cross-Line Averaging Participating Coating
Lines	
219.214	Changing Compliance Methods
219.215	Wood Furniture Coating Averaging Approach
219.216	Wood Furniture Coating Add-On Control Use

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

## NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

219.217	Wood Furniture Coating and Flat Wood Paneling Coating Work Practice Standards
219.218	Work Practice Standards for Paper Coatings, Metal Furniture Coatings, and Large Appliance Coatings
219.219	Work Practice Standards for Automobile and Light-Duty Truck Assembly Coatings and Miscellaneous Metal and Plastic Parts Coatings
	SUBPART G: USE OF ORGANIC MATERIAL
Section	
219.301	Use of Organic Material
219.302	Alternative Standard
219.303	Fuel Combustion Emission Units
219.304	Operations with Compliance Program
	SUBPART H: PRINTING AND PUBLISHING
Section	
219.401	Flexographic and Rotogravure Printing
219.402	Applicability
219.403	Compliance Schedule
219.404	Recordkeeping and Reporting
219.405	Lithographic Printing: Applicability
219.406	Provisions Applying to Heatset Web Offset Lithographic Printing Prior to March
15, 1996	(Repealed)
219.407	Emission Limitations and Control Requirements for Lithographic Printing Lines
219.408	Compliance Schedule for Lithographic Printing On and After March 15, 1996
219.409	(Repealed) Testing for Lithegraphic Printing
219.409	Testing for Lithographic Printing  Monitoring Requirements for Lithographic Printing
219.410	Monitoring Requirements for Lithographic Printing
219.411	Recordkeeping and Reporting for Lithographic Printing
219.412	Letterpress Printing Lines: Applicability  Emission Limitations and Control Requirements for Letterpress Printing Lines.
219.415	Emission Limitations and Control Requirements for Letterpress Printing Lines
219.415	Testing for Letterpress Printing Lines  Monitoring Requirements for Letterpress Printing Lines
219.416	
417.41/	Recordkeeping and Reporting for Letterpress Printing Lines

SUBPART Q: SYNTHETIC ORGANIC CHEMICAL AND POLYMER MANUFACTURING PLANT

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

## NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

Section	
219.421	General Requirements
219.422	Inspection Program Plan for Leaks
219.423	Inspection Program for Leaks
219.424	Repairing Leaks
219.425	Recordkeeping for Leaks
219.426	Report for Leaks
219.427	Alternative Program for Leaks
219.428	Open-Ended Valves
219.429	Standards for Control Devices
219.430	Compliance Date (Repealed)
219.431	Applicability
219.432	Control Requirements
219.433	Performance and Testing Requirements
219.434	Monitoring Requirements
219.435	Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements
219.436	Compliance Date

## SUBPART R: PETROLEUM REFINING AND RELATED INDUSTRIES; ASPHALT MATERIALS

Section	
219.441	Petroleum Refinery Waste Gas Disposal
219.442	Vacuum Producing Systems
219.443	Wastewater (Oil/Water) Separator
219.444	Process Unit Turnarounds
219.445	Leaks: General Requirements
219.446	Monitoring Program Plan for Leaks
219.447	Monitoring Program for Leaks
219.448	Recordkeeping for Leaks
219.449	Reporting for Leaks
219.450	Alternative Program for Leaks
219.451	Sealing Device Requirements
219.452	Compliance Schedule for Leaks
219.453	Compliance Dates (Repealed)

## SUBPART S: RUBBER AND MISCELLANEOUS PLASTIC PRODUCTS

Section	
219.461	Manufacture of Pneumatic Rubber Tires

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

## NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

219.462	Green Tire Spraying Operations
219.463	Alternative Emission Reduction Systems
219.464	Emission Testing
219.465	Compliance Dates (Repealed)
219.466	Compliance Plan (Repealed)
	SUBPART T: PHARMACEUTICAL MANUFACTURING
Section	
219.480	Applicability
219.481	Control of Reactors, Distillation Units, Crystallizers, Centrifuges and Vacuum
	Dryers
219.482	Control of Air Dryers, Production Equipment Exhaust Systems and Filters
219.483	Material Storage and Transfer
219.484	In-Process Tanks
219.485	Leaks
219.486	Other Emission Units
219.487	Testing
219.488	Monitoring for Air Pollution Control Equipment
219.489	Recordkeeping for Air Pollution Control Equipment

## SUBPART V: BATCH OPERATIONS AND AIR OXIDATION PROCESSES

Section	•
219.500	Applicability for Batch Operations
219.501	Control Requirements for Batch Operations
219.502	Determination of Uncontrolled Total Annual Mass Emissions and Actual
	Weighted Average Flow Rate Values for Batch Operations
219.503	Performance and Testing Requirements for Batch Operations
219.504	Monitoring Requirements for Batch Operations
219.505	Reporting and Recordkeeping for Batch Operations
219.506	Compliance Date
219.520	Emission Limitations for Air Oxidation Processes
219.521	Definitions (Repealed)
219.522	Savings Clause
219.523	Compliance
219.524	Determination of Applicability
219.525	Emission Limitations for Air Oxidation Processes (Renumbered)
219.526	Testing and Monitoring
219.527	Compliance Date (Repealed)

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

## NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

## SUBPART W: AGRICULTURE

Section 219.541	Pesticide Exception
SUBPART X: CONSTRUCTION	
Section 219.561	Architectural Centines
219.562	Architectural Coatings Paving Operations
219.563	Cutback Asphalt
	Case and American
	SUBPART Y: GASOLINE DISTRIBUTION
Section	
219.581	Bulk Gasoline Plants
219.582	Bulk Gasoline Terminals
219.583	Gasoline Dispensing Operations – Storage Tank Filling Operations
219.584	Gasoline Delivery Vessels
219.585	Gasoline Volatility Standards (Repealed)
219.586	Gasoline Dispensing Operations – Motor Vehicle Fueling Operations (Repealed)
	SUBPART Z: DRY CLEANERS
Section	
219.601	Perchloroethylene Dry Cleaners (Repealed)
219.602	Exemptions (Repealed)
219.603	Leaks (Repealed)
219.604	Compliance Dates (Repealed)
219.605	Compliance Plan (Repealed)
219.606	Exception to Compliance Plan (Repealed)
219.607	Standards for Petroleum Solvent Dry Cleaners
219.608	Operating Practices for Petroleum Solvent Dry Cleaners
219.609	Program for Inspection and Repair of Leaks
219.610	Testing and Monitoring
219.611	Exemption for Petroleum Solvent Dry Cleaners
219.612	Compliance Dates (Repealed)
219.613	Compliance Plan (Repealed)

SUBPART AA: PAINT AND INK MANUFACTURING

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

## NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

Section 219.620 219.621 219.623 219.624 219.625 219.626 219.628 219.630 219.636	Applicability Exemption for Waterbase Material and Heatset-Offset Ink Permit Conditions Open-Top Mills, Tanks, Vats or Vessels Grinding Mills Storage Tanks Leaks Clean Up Compliance Schedule
219.637	Recordkeeping and Reporting
	SUBPART BB: POLYSTYRENE PLANTS
Section 219.640 219.642 219.644	Applicability Emissions Limitation at Polystyrene Plants Emissions Testing
	SUBPART FF: BAKERY OVENS
Section 219.720 219.722 219.726 219.727 219.728 219.729 219.730	Applicability (Repealed) Control Requirements (Repealed) Testing (Repealed) Monitoring (Repealed) Recordkeeping and Reporting (Repealed) Compliance Date (Repealed) Certification (Repealed)
	SUBPART GG: MARINE TERMINALS
Section 219.760 219.762 219.764 219.766 219.768 219.770	Applicability Control Requirements Compliance Certification Leaks Testing and Monitoring Recordkeeping and Reporting

SUBPART HH: MOTOR VEHICLE REFINISHING

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

Section	
219.780	Emission Limitations
219.782	Alternative Control Requirements
219.784	Equipment Specifications
219.786	Surface Preparation Materials
219.787	Work Practices
219.788	Testing
219.789	Monitoring and Recordkeeping for Control Devices
219.790	General Recordkeeping and Reporting (Repealed)
219.791	Compliance Date
219.792	Registration (Repealed)
219.875	Applicability of Subpart BB (Renumbered)
219.877	Emissions Limitation at Polystyrene Plants (Renumbered)
219.879	Compliance Date (Repealed)
219.881	Compliance Plan (Repealed)
219.883	Special Requirements for Compliance Plan (Repealed)
219.886	Emissions Testing (Renumbered)
	SUBPART II: FIBERGLASS BOAT MANUFACTURING MATERIALS
Section	
219.890	Applicability
219.891	Emission Limitations and Control Requirements
219.892	Testing and Monitoring Requirements
219.894	Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements
	SUBPART JJ: MISCELLANEOUS INDUSTRIAL ADHESIVES
Section	
219.900	Applicability
219.901	Emission Limitations and Control Requirements
219.902	Testing Requirements
219.903	Monitoring Requirements
219.904	Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements
217.701	Recording and Reporting Requirements
	SUBPART PP: MISCELLANEOUS FABRICATED PRODUCT
	MANUFACTURING PROCESSES
Section	
219.920	Applicability

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

	NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS
219.923 219.926 219.927	Permit Conditions Control Requirements Compliance Schodule
219.927	Compliance Schedule Testing
217.720	resting
	SUBPART QQ: MISCELLANEOUS FORMULATION MANUFACTURING PROCESSES
Section	
219.940	Applicability
219.943	Permit Conditions
219.946	Control Requirements
219.947	Compliance Schedule
219.948	Testing
	SUBPART RR: MISCELLANEOUS ORGANIC CHEMICAL MANUFACTURING PROCESSES
Section	
219.960	Applicability
219.963	Permit Conditions
219.966	Control Requirements
219.967	Compliance Schedule
219.968	Testing
	SUBPART TT: OTHER EMISSION UNITS
Section	
219.980	Applicability
219.983	Permit Conditions
219.986	Control Requirements
219.987	Compliance Schedule
219.988	Testing
	SUBPART UU: RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING
Section	
219.990	Exempt Emission Units
219.991	Subject Emission Units
	•

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

219.APPENDIX A	List of Chemicals Defining Synthetic Organic Chemical and Polymer
	Manufacturing
219.APPENDIX B	VOM Measurement Techniques for Capture Efficiency (Repealed)
219.APPENDIX C	Reference Methods and Procedures
219.APPENDIX D	Coefficients for the Total Resource Effectiveness Index (TRE) Equation
219.APPENDIX E	List of Affected Marine Terminals
219.APPENDIX G	TRE Index Measurements for SOCMI Reactors and Distillation Units
219.APPENDIX H	Baseline VOM Content Limitations for Subpart F, Section 219.212 Cross-
	Line Averaging

AUTHORITY: Implementing Section 10 and authorized by Sections 27, 28 and 28.5 of the Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/10, 27, 28 and 28.5].

SOURCE: Adopted in R91-8 at 15 Ill. Reg. 12491, effective August 16, 1991; amended in R91-24 at 16 Ill. Reg. 13597, effective August 24, 1992; amended in R91-30 at 16 Ill. Reg. 13883, effective August 24, 1992; emergency amendment in R93-12 at 17 Ill. Reg. 8295, effective May 24, 1993, for a maximum of 150 days; amended in R93-9 at 17 Ill. Reg. 16918, effective September 27, 1993 and October 21, 1993; amended in R93-28 at 18 Ill. Reg. 4242, effective March 3, 1994; amended in R94-12 at 18 Ill. Reg. 14987, effective September 21, 1994; amended in R94-15 at 18 Ill. Reg. 16415, effective October 25, 1994; amended in R94-16 at 18 Ill. Reg. 16980, effective November 15, 1994; emergency amendment in R95-10 at 19 Ill. Reg. 3059, effective February 28, 1995, for a maximum of 150 days; amended in R94-21, R94-31 and R94-32 at 19 Ill. Reg. 6958, effective May 9, 1995; amended in R94-33 at 19 Ill. Reg. 7385, effective May 22, 1995; amended in R96-2 at 20 III. Reg. 3848, effective February 15, 1996; amended in R96-13 at 20 Ill. Reg. 14462, effective October 28, 1996; amended in R97-24 at 21 Ill. Reg. 7721, effective June 9, 1997; amended in R97-31 at 22 Ill. Reg. 3517, effective February 2, 1998; amended in R04-12/20 at 30 Ill. Reg. 9799, effective May 15, 2006; amended in R06-21 at 31 Ill. Reg. 7110, effective April 30, 2007; amended in R10-10 at 34 Ill. Reg. 5392, effective March 23, 2010; amended in R10-8 at 34 Ill. Reg. 9253, effective June 25, 2010; amended in R10-20 at 34 Ill. Reg. 14326, effective September 14, 2010; amended in R10-8(A) at 35 Ill. Reg. 496, effective December 21, 2010; amended in R11-23 at 35 Ill. Reg. 13676, effective July 27, 2011; amended in R11-23(A), at 35 Ill. Reg. 18830, effective October 25, 2011); amended in R12-24 at 37 Ill. Reg. 1722, effective January 28, 2013; amended in R13-18 at 38 Ill. Reg. \_\_\_\_\_\_, effective \_\_\_\_\_.

### SUBPART A: GENERAL PROVISIONS

#### **Section 219.105 Test Methods and Procedures**

a) Coatings, Inks and Fountain Solutions

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

The following test methods and procedures shall be used to determine compliance of as applied coatings, inks, and fountain solutions with the limitations set forth in this Part.

- Sampling: Samples collected for analyses shall be one-liter taken into a one-liter container at a location and time such that the sample will be representative of the coating as applied (i.e., the sample shall include any dilution solvent or other VOM added during the manufacturing process). The container must be tightly sealed immediately after the sample is taken. Any solvent or other VOM added after the sample is taken must be measured and accounted for in the calculations in subsection (a)(3) of this Section. For multiple package coatings, separate samples of each component shall be obtained. A mixed sample shall not be obtained as it will cure in the container. Sampling procedures shall follow the guidelines presented in:
  - A) ASTM D 3925-81 (1985) standard practice for sampling liquid paints and related pigment coating. This practice is incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part.
  - B) ASTM E 300-86 standard practice for sampling industrial chemicals. This practice is incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part.
- 2) Analyses: The applicable analytical methods specified below shall be used to determine the composition of coatings, inks, or fountain solutions as applied.
  - A) Method 24 of 40 CFR 60, appendix A, incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part, shall be used to determine the VOM content and density of coatings. If it is demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Agency and the USEPA that plant coating formulation data are equivalent to Method 24 results, formulation data may be used. In the event of any inconsistency between a Method 24 test and a facility's formulation data, the Method 24 test will govern.
  - B) Method 24A of 40 CFR 60, appendix Appendix A, incorporated by reference in Section 219.112, shall be used to determine the VOM content and density of rotogravure printing inks and related

### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

coatings. If it is demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Agency and USEPA that the plant coating formulation data are equivalent to Method 24A results, formulation data may be used. In the event of any inconsistency between a Method 24A test and formulation data, the Method 24A test will govern.

- C) The following ASTM methods are the analytical procedures for determining VOM:
  - i) ASTM D 1475-85: Standard test method for density of paint, varnish, lacquer and related products. This test method is incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part.
  - ii) ASTM D 2369-87: Standard test method for volatile content of a coating. This test method is incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part.
  - iii) ASTM D 3792-86: Standard test method for water content of water-reducible paints by direct injection into a gas chromatograph. This test method is incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part.
  - iv) ASTM D 4017-81 (1987): Standard test method for water content in paints and paint materials by the Karl Fischer method. This test method is incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part.
  - v) ASTM D 4457-85: Standard test method for determination of dichloromethane and 1,1,1, trichloroethane in paints and coatings by direct injection into a gas chromatograph. (The procedure delineated above can be used to develop protocols for any compounds specifically exempted from the definition of VOM.) This test method is incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part.
  - vi) ASTM D 2697-86: Standard test method for volume nonvolatile matter in clear or pigmented coatings. This test method is incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part.

### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

- vii) ASTM D 3980-87: Standard practice for interlaboratory testing of paint and related materials. This practice is incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part.
- viii) ASTM E 180-85: Standard practice for determining the precision of ASTM methods for analysis of and testing of industrial chemicals. This practice is incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part.
- ix) ASTM D 2372-85: Standard method of separation of vehicle from solvent-reducible paints. This method is incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part.
- D) Use of an adaptation to any of the analytical methods specified in subsections (a)(2)(A), (B), and (C) of this Section may not be used unless approved by the Agency and USEPA. An owner or operator must submit sufficient documentation for the Agency and USEPA to find that the analytical methods specified in subsections (a)(2)(A), (B), and (C) of this Section will yield inaccurate results and that the proposed adaptation is appropriate.
- 3) Calculations: Calculations for determining the VOM content, water content and the content of any compounds which are specifically exempted from the definition of VOM of coatings, inks and fountain solutions as applied shall follow the guidance provided in the following documents:
  - A) "A Guide for Surface Coating Calculation", EPA-340/1-86-016, incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part.
  - B) "Procedures for Certifying Quantity of Volatile Organic Compounds Emitted by Paint, Ink and Other Coatings" (revised June 1986), EPA-450/3-84-019, incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part.
  - C) "A Guide for Graphic Arts Calculations", August 1988, EPA-340/1-88-003, incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part.
- b) Automobile or Light-Duty Truck Test Protocol

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

- The protocol for testing, including determining the transfer efficiency of coating applicators, at primer surfacer operations and topcoat operations at an automobile or light-duty truck assembly source shall follow the procedures in the following:
  - A) Prior to May 1, 2012: "Protocol for Determining the Daily Volatile Organic Compound Emission Rate of Automobile and Light-Duty Truck Topcoat Operations" ("topcoat protocol"), December 1988, EPA-450/3-88-018, incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part.
  - B) On and after May 1, 2012: "Protocol for Determining the Daily Volatile Organic Compound Emission Rate of Automobile and Light-Duty Truck Primer-Surfacer and Topcoat Operations" (topcoat protocol), September 2008, EPA-453/R-08-002, incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part.
- 2) Prior to testing pursuant to the applicable topcoat protocol, the owner or operator of a coating operation subject to the topcoat or primer surfacer limit in Section 219.204(a)(1)(B), (a)(1)(C), (a)(2)(B), (a)(2)(C), or (a)(2)(E) shall submit a detailed testing proposal specifying the method by which testing will be conducted and how compliance will be demonstrated consistent with the applicable topcoat protocol. The proposal shall include, at a minimum, a comprehensive plan (including a rationale) for determining the transfer efficiency at each booth through the use of inplant or pilot testing, the selection of coatings to be tested (for the purpose of determining transfer efficiency) including the rationale for coating groupings, the method for determining the analytic VOM content of as applied coatings and the formulation solvent content of as applied coatings, and a description of the records of coating VOM content as applied and coating's usage that will be kept to demonstrate compliance. Upon approval of the proposal by the Agency and USEPA, the compliance demonstration for a coating line may proceed.
- c) Capture System Efficiency Test Protocols
  - 1) Applicability
    The requirements of subsection (c)(2) of this Section shall apply to all
    VOM emitting process emission units employing capture equipment (e.g., hoods, ducts), except those cases noted in this subsection (c)(1).

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

- A) If an emission unit is equipped with (or uses) a permanent total enclosure (PTE) that meets Agency and USEPA specifications, and which directs all VOM to a control device, then the emission unit is exempted from the requirements described in subsection (c)(2) of this Section. The Agency and USEPA specifications to determine whether a structure is considered a PTE are given in Method 204 of appendix M of 40 CFR 51, incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part. In this instance, the capture efficiency is assumed to be 100 percent and the emission unit is still required to measure control efficiency using appropriate test methods as specified in subsection (d) of this Section.
- B) If an emission unit is equipped with (or uses) a control device designed to collect and recover VOM (e.g., carbon adsorber), an explicit measurement of capture efficiency is not necessary provided that the conditions given below are met. The overall control of the system can be determined by directly comparing the input liquid VOM to the recovered liquid VOM. The general procedure for use in this situation is given in 40 CFR 60.433, incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part, with the following additional restrictions:
  - i) The source owner or operator shall obtain data each operating day for the solvent usage and solvent recovery to permit the determination of the solvent recovery efficiency of the system each operating day using a 7-day rolling period. The recovery efficiency for each operating day is computed as the ratio of the total recovered solvent for that day and the most recent prior 6 operating days to the total solvent usage for the same 7-day period used for the recovered solvent, rather than a 30-day weighted average as given in 40 CFR 60.433 incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part. This ratio shall be expressed as a percentage. The ratio shall be computed within 72 hours following each 7-day period. A source that believes that the 7-day rolling period is not appropriate may use an alternative multi-day rolling period not to exceed 30 days. with the approval of the Agency and USEPA. In addition, the criteria in subsection (c)(1)(B)(ii) or subsection (c)(1)(B)(iii) below must be met.

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

- ii) The solvent recovery system (i.e., capture and control system) must be dedicated to a single coating line, printing line, or other discrete activity that by itself is subject to an applicable VOM emission standard... or
- However if If the solvent recovery system controls more than one coating line, printing line or other discrete activity that by itself is subject to an applicable VOM emission standard, the overall control (i.e., the total recovered VOM divided by the sum of liquid VOM input from all lines and other activities venting to the control system) must meet or exceed the most stringent standard applicable to any line or other discrete activity venting to the control system.
- 2) Capture Efficiency Protocols

The capture efficiency of an emission unit shall be measured using one of the protocols given below. Appropriate test methods to be utilized in each of the capture efficiency protocols are described in appendix M of 40 CFR 51, incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part. Any error margin associated with a test method or protocol may not be incorporated into the results of a capture efficiency test. If these techniques are not suitable for a particular process, then an alternative capture efficiency protocol may be used, pursuant to the provisions of Section 219.108(b) of this Part.

A) Gas/gas method using temporary total enclosure (TTE). The Agency and USEPA specifications to determine whether a temporary enclosure is considered a TTE are given in Method 204 of appendix M of 40 CFR 51, incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part. The capture efficiency equation to be used for this protocol is:

$$CE = \frac{G_w}{G_w + F_w}$$

where:

CE = capture efficiency, decimal fraction;

G<sub>w</sub> = mass of VOM captured and delivered to control device using a TTE;

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

 $F_{\rm w}$  = mass of uncaptured VOM that escapes from a TTE.

Method 204B or 204C contained in appendix M of 40 CFR 51, incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part, is used to obtain  $G_{\rm w}$ . Method 204D in appendix M of 40 CFR 51, incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part, is used to obtain  $F_{\rm w}$ .

B) Liquid/gas method using TTE. The Agency and USEPA specifications to determine whether a temporary enclosure is considered a TTE are given in Method 204 of appendix M of 40 CFR 51, incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part. The capture efficiency equation to be used for this protocol is:

$$CE = \frac{L - F_W}{L}$$

where:

CE = capture efficiency, decimal fraction;

L = mass of liquid VOM input to process emission unit;

 $F_{\rm w}$  = mass of uncaptured VOM that escapes from a TTE.

Method 204A or 204F contained in appendix M of 40 CFR 51, incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part, is used to obtain L. Method 204in appendix M of 40 CFR 51, incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part, is used to obtain F<sub>w</sub>.

C) Gas/gas method using the building or room (building or room enclosure), in which the affected coating line, printing line or other emission unit is located, as the enclosure, as determined by Method 204 of appendix M of 40 CFR 51, incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part, and in which "F<sub>B</sub>" and "G" are measured while operating only the affected line or emission unit. All fans and blowers in the building or room must be operated as they would under normal production. The capture efficiency equation to be used for this protocol is:

### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

#### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

$$CE = \frac{G}{G + F_{\scriptscriptstyle R}}$$

where:

CE = capture efficiency, decimal fraction;

G = mass of VOM captured and delivered to control device;

F<sub>B</sub> = mass of uncaptured VOM that escapes from building enclosure.

Method 204B or 204C contained in appendix M of 40 CFR 51, incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part, is used to obtain G. Method 204E in appendix M of 40 CFR 51, incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part, is used to obtain F<sub>B</sub>.

D) Liquid/gas method using the building or room (building or room enclosure), in which the affected coating line, printing line or other emission unit is located, as the enclosure as determined by Method 204 of appendix M of 40 CFR 51, incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part, and in which "F<sub>B</sub>" and "L" are measured while operating only the affected line emission unit. All fans and blowers in the building or room must be operated as they would under normal production. The capture efficiency equation to be used for this protocol is:

$$CE = \frac{L - F_B}{L}$$

where:

CE = capture efficiency, decimal fraction;

L = mass of liquid VOM input to process emission unit;

F<sub>B</sub> = mass of uncaptured VOM that escapes from building enclosure.

Method 204A or 204F contained in appendix M of 40 CFR 51,

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part, is used to obtain L. Method 204E in appendix M of 40 CFR 51, incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part, is used to obtain F<sub>B</sub>.

E) Mass balance using Data Quality Objective (DQO) or Lower Confidence Limit (LCL) protocol. For a liquid/gas input where an owner or operator is using the DQO/LCL protocol and not using an enclosure as described in Method 204 of appendix M of 40 CFR 51, incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part, the VOM content of the liquid input (L) must be determined using Method 204A or 204F in appendix M of 40 CFR 51, incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part. The VOM content of the captured gas stream (G) to the control device must be determined using Method 204B or 204C in appendix M of 40 CFR 51, incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part. The results of capture efficiency calculations (G/L) must satisfy the DQO or LCL statistical analysis methodology as described in Section 3 of USEPA's "Guidelines for Determining Capture Efficiency,", incorporated by reference at Section 219.112 of this Part. Where capture efficiency testing is done to determine emission reductions for the purpose of establishing emission credits for offsets, shutdowns, and trading, the LCL protocol cannot be used for these applications. In enforcement cases, the LCL protocol cannot confirm non-compliance; capture efficiency must be determined using a protocol under subsection (c)(2)(A). (B), (C) or (D) of this Section, the DQO protocol of this subsection (c)(2)(E), or an alternative protocol pursuant to Section 219.108(b) of this Part.

BOARD NOTE: Where LCL was used in testing emission units that are the subject of later requests for establishing emission credits for offsets, shutdowns, and trading, prior LCL results may not be relied upon to determine the appropriate amount of credits. Instead, to establish the appropriate amount of credits, additional testing may be required that would satisfy the protocol of Section 219.105(c)(2)(A), (B), (C) or (D), the DQO protocol of Section 219.105(c)(2)(E), or an alternative protocol pursuant to Section 219.108(b) of this Part.

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

#### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

- 3) Simultaneous testing of multiple lines or emission units with a common control device. If an owner or operator has multiple lines sharing a common control device, the capture efficiency of the lines may be tested simultaneously, subject to the following provisions:
  - A) Multiple line testing must meet the criteria of Section 4 of USEPA's "Guidelines for Determining Capture Efficiency,", incorporated by reference at Section 219.112 of this Part;
  - B) The most stringent capture efficiency required for any individual line or unit must be met by the aggregate of lines or units; and
  - C) Testing of all the lines of emission units must be performed with the same capture efficiency test protocol.

## 4) Recordkeeping and Reporting

- A) All owners or operators affected by this subsection must maintain a copy of the capture efficiency protocol submitted to the Agency and the USEPA on file. All results of the appropriate test methods and capture efficiency protocols must be reported to the Agency within 60 days after the test date. A copy of the results must be kept on file with the source for a period of 3 years.
- B) If any changes are made to capture or control equipment, then the source is required to notify the Agency and the USEPA of these changes and a new test may be required by the Agency or the USEPA.
- C) The source must notify the Agency 30 days prior to performing any capture efficiency or control test. At that time, the source must notify the Agency which capture efficiency protocol and control device test methods will be used. Notification of the actual date and expected time of testing must be submitted a minimum of 5 working days prior to the actual date of the test. The Agency may at its discretion accept notification with shorter advance notice provided that such arrangements do not interfere with the Agency's ability to review the protocol and/or observe testing.
- D) Sources utilizing a PTE must demonstrate that this enclosure meets

### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

#### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

the requirement given in Method 204 in appendix M of 40 CFR 51, incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part, for a PTE during any testing of their control device.

- E) Sources utilizing a TTE must demonstrate that their TTE meets the requirements given in Method 204 in appendix M or 40 CFR 51, incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part, for a TTE during any testing of their control device. The source must also provide documentation that the quality assurance criteria for a TTE have been achieved.
- F) Any source utilizing the DQO or LCL protocol must submit the following information to the Agency with each test report:
  - i) A copy of all test methods, Quality Assurance/Quality Control procedures, and calibration procedures to be used from those described in appendix M of 40 CFR 51, incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part;
  - ii) A table with information on each sample taken, including the sample identification and the VOM content of the sample;
  - iii) The quantity of material used for each test run;
  - iv) The quantity of captured VOM for each test run;
  - v) The capture efficiency calculations and results for each test run;
  - vi) The DOO and/or LCL calculations and results; and
  - vii) The Quality Assurance/Quality Control results, including how often the instruments were calibrated, the calibration results, and the calibration gases used.
- d) Control Device Efficiency Testing and Monitoring
  - 1) The control device efficiency shall be determined by simultaneously measuring the inlet and outlet gas phase VOM concentrations and gas

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

## NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

volumetric flow rates in accordance with the gas phase test methods specified in subsection (f) of this Section.

# 2) An owner or operator:

- A) That uses an afterburner or carbon adsorber to comply with any Section of this Part 219 shall use Agency and USEPA approved continuous monitoring equipment which is installed, calibrated, maintained, and operated according to vendor specifications at all times the control device is in use except as provided in subsection (d)(3) of this Section. The continuous monitoring equipment must monitor the following parameters:
  - i) For each afterburner which does not have a catalyst bed, the combustion chamber temperature of each afterburner.
  - ii) For each afterburner which has a catalyst bed, commonly known as a catalytic afterburner, the temperature rise across each catalytic afterburner bed or VOM concentration of exhaust.
  - iii) For each carbon adsorber, the VOM concentration of each carbon adsorption bed exhaust or the exhaust of the bed next in sequence to be desorbed.
- B) Must install, calibrate, operate and maintain, in accordance with manufacturer's specifications, a continuous recorder on the temperature monitoring device, such as a strip chart, recorder or computer, having an accuracy of ± 1 percent of the temperature measured, expressed in degrees Celsius or ± 0.5° C, whichever is greater.
- C) Of an automobile or light-duty truck primer surfacer operation or topcoat operation subject to subsection (d)(2)(A), shall keep a separate record of the following data for the control devices, unless alternative provisions are set forth in a permit pursuant to Title V of the Clean Air Act:
  - i) For thermal afterburners for which combustion chamber temperature is monitored, all 3-hour periods of operation in

### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

which the average combustion temperature was more than 28° C (50° F) below the average combustion temperature measured during the most recent performance test that demonstrated that the operation was in compliance.

- ii) For catalytic afterburners for which temperature rise is monitored, all 3-hour periods of operation in which the average gas temperature before the catalyst bed is more than 28° C (50° F) below the average gas temperature immediately before the catalyst bed measured during the most recent performance test that demonstrated that the operation was in compliance.
- iii) For catalytic afterburners and carbon adsorbers for which VOM concentration is monitored, all 3-hour periods of operation during which the average VOM concentration or the reading of organics in the exhaust gases is more than 20 percent greater than the average exhaust gas concentration or reading measured by the organic monitoring device during the most recent determination of the recovery efficiency of a carbon adsorber or performance test for a catalytic afterburner, which determination or test that demonstrated that the operation was in compliance.
- An owner or operator that uses a carbon adsorber to comply with Section 219.401 of this Part may operate the adsorber during periods of monitoring equipment malfunction, provided that:
  - A) The owner or operator notifies in writing the Agency and USEPA, within 10 days after the conclusion of any 72 hour period during which the adsorber is operated and the associated monitoring equipment is not operational, of such monitoring equipment failure and provides the duration of the malfunction, a description of the repairs made to the equipment, and the total to date of all hours in the calendar year during which the adsorber was operated and the associated monitoring equipment was not operational;
  - B) During such period of malfunction the adsorber is operated using timed sequences as the basis for periodic regeneration of the adsorber;

### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

- C) The period of such adsorber operation does not exceed 360 hours in any calendar year without the approval of the Agency and USEPA; and
- D) The total of all hours in the calendar year during which the adsorber was operated and the associated monitoring equipment was not operational shall be reported, in writing, to the Agency and USEPA by January 31 of the following calendar year.

## e) Overall Efficiency

- The overall efficiency of the emission control system shall be determined as the product of the capture system efficiency and the control device efficiency or by the liquid/liquid test protocol as specified in 40 CFR 60.433, incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part, (and revised by subsection (c)(1)(B) of this Section) for each solvent recovery system. In those cases in which the overall efficiency is being determined for an entire line, the capture efficiency used to calculate the product of the capture and control efficiency is the total capture efficiency over the entire line.
- For coating lines which are both chosen by the owner or operator to comply with Section 219.207(a), (d), (e), (f), (g), (l), or (m) of this Part by the alternative in Section 219.207(b)(2) of this Part and meet the criteria allowing them to comply with Section 219.207 instead of Section 219.204 of this Part, the overall efficiency of the capture system and control device, as determined by the test methods and procedures specified in subsections (c), (d) and (e)(1) of this Section, shall be no less than the equivalent overall efficiency which shall be calculated by the following equation:

$$E = \frac{VOM_a - VOM_l}{VOM_a} \times 100$$

where:

E = Equivalent overall efficiency of the capture system and control device as a percentage;

 $VOM_a$  = Actual VOM content of a coating, or the daily-

### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

# NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

weighted average VOM content of two or more coatings (if more than one coating is used), as applied to the subject coating line as determined by the applicable test methods and procedures specified in subsection (a)(4)(i) of this Part in units of kg VOM/1 (lb VOM/gal) of coating solids as applied;

VOM<sub>1</sub> = The VOM emission limit specified in Sections 219.204 or 219.205 of this Part in units of kg VOM/1 (lb VOM/gal) of coating solids as applied.

- f) Volatile Organic Material Gas Phase Source Test Methods
  The methods in 40 CFR 60, appendix A, incorporated by reference in Section
  219.112 of this Part delineated below shall be used to determine control device efficiencies.
  - 40 CFR 60, appendix A, Method 18, 25 or 25A, incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part as appropriate to the conditions at the site, shall be used to determine VOM concentration. Method selection shall be based on consideration of the diversity of organic species present and their total concentration and on consideration of the potential presence of interfering gases. Except as indicated in subsections (f)(1)(A) and (B) below, the test shall consist of three separate runs, each lasting a minimum of 60 min, unless the Agency and the USEPA determine that process variables dictate shorter sampling times.
    - A) When the method is to be used to determine the efficiency of a carbon adsorption system with a common exhaust stack for all the individual adsorber vessels, the test shall consist of three separate runs, each coinciding with one or more complete sequences through the adsorption cycles of all the individual adsorber vessels.
    - B) When the method is to be used to determine the efficiency of a carbon adsorption system with individual exhaust stacks for each adsorber vessel, each adsorber vessel shall be tested individually. The test for each adsorber vessel shall consist of three separate runs. Each run shall coincide with one or more complete adsorption cycles.
  - 2) 40 CFR 60, appendix A, Method 1 or 1A, incorporated by reference in

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

Section 219.112 of this Part, shall be used for sample and velocity traverses.

- 3) 40 CFR 60, appendix A, Method 2, 2A, 2C or 2D, incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part, shall be used for velocity and volumetric flow rates.
- 4) 40 CFR 60, appendix A, Method 3, incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part, shall be used for gas analysis.
- 5) 40 CFR 60, appendix A, Method 4, incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part, shall be used for stack gas moisture.
- 6) 40 CFR 60, appendix A, Methods 2, 2A, 2C, 2D, 3 and 4, incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part, shall be performed, as applicable, at least twice during each test run.
- Use of an adaptation to any of the test methods specified in subsections (f)(1), (2), (3), (4), (5) and (6) of this Section may not be used unless approved by the Agency and the USEPA on a case by case basis. An owner or operator must submit sufficient documentation for the Agency and the USEPA to find that the test methods specified in subsections (f)(1), (2), (3), (4), (5) and (6) of this Section will yield inaccurate results and that the proposed adaptation is appropriate.
- g) Leak Detection Methods for Volatile Organic Material
  Owners or operators required by this Part to carry out a leak detection monitoring
  program shall comply with the following requirements:
  - 1) Leak Detection Monitoring
    - A) Monitoring shall comply with 40 CFR 60, appendix A, Method 21, incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part.
    - B) The detection instrument shall meet the performance criteria of Method 21.
    - C) The instrument shall be calibrated before use on each day of its use by the methods specified in Method 21.
    - D) Calibration gases shall be:

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

- i) Zero air (less than 10 ppm of hydrocarbon in air); and
- ii) A mixture of methane or n-hexane and air at a concentration of approximately, but no less than, 10,000 ppm methane or n-hexane.
- E) The instrument probe shall be traversed around all potential leak interfaces as close to the interface as possible as described in Method 21.
- 2) When equipment is tested for compliance with no detectable emissions as required, the test shall comply with the following requirements:
  - A) The requirements of subsections (g)(1)(A) through (g)(1)(E) of this Section shall apply.
  - B) The background level shall be determined as set forth in Method 21.
- 3) Leak detection tests shall be performed consistent with:
  - A) "APTI Course SI 417 controlling Volatile Organic Compound Emissions from Leaking Process Equipment", EPA-450/2-82-015, incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part.
  - B) "Portable Instrument User's Manual for Monitoring VOM Sources", EPA-340/1-86-015, incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part.
  - C) "Protocols for Generating Unit-Specific Emission Estimates for Equipment Leaks of VOM and VHAP", EPA-450/3-88-010, incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part.
  - D) "Petroleum Refinery Enforcement Manual", EPA-340/1-80-008, incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part.
- h) Bulk Gasoline Delivery System Test Protocol
  - 1) The method for determining the emissions of gasoline from a vapor recovery system are delineated in 40 CFR 60, Subpartsubpart XX, section

### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

## NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

60.503, incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part.

- 2) Other tests shall be performed consistent with:
  - A) "Inspection Manual for Control of Volatile Organic Emissions from Gasoline Marketing Operations: Appendix D", EPA-340/1-80-012, incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part.
  - B) "Control of Hydrocarbons from Tank Truck Gasoline Loading Terminals: Appendix A", EPA-450/2-77-026, incorporated by reference in Section 219.112 of this Part.
- Notwithstanding other requirements of this Part, upon request of the Agency where it is necessary to demonstrate compliance, an owner or operator of an emission unit which is subject to this Part shall, at his own expense, conduct tests in accordance with the applicable test methods and procedures specific in this Part. Nothing in this Section shall limit the authority of the USEPA pursuant to the Clean Air Act, as amended, to require testing.
- j) Stage II Gasoline Vapor Recovery Test Methods
  The methods for determining the acceptable performance of Stage II Gasoline
  Vapor Recovery System are delineated in "Technical Guidance Stage II Vapor
  Recovery Systems for Control of Vehicle Refueling Emissions at Gasoline
  Dispensing Facilities," found at EPA 450/3-91-022b and incorporated by
  reference in Section 219.112 of this Part. Specifically, the test methods are as
  follows:
  - Dynamic Backpressure Test is a test procedure used to determine the pressure drop (flow resistance) through balance vapor collection and control systems (including nozzles, vapor hoses, swivels, dispenser piping and underground piping) at prescribed flow rates.
  - Pressure Decay/Leak Test is a test procedure used to quantify the vapor tightness of a vapor collection and control system installed at gasoline dispensing facilities.
  - 3) Liquid Blockage Test is a test procedure used to detect low points in any vapor collection and control system where condensate may accumulate.

(	Source:	Amended	at 38	III. R	leg.		, effective	
---	---------	---------	-------	--------	------	--	-------------	--

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

## NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

# Section 219.112 Incorporations by Reference

The following materials are incorporated by reference and do not contain any subsequent additions or amendments:

- a) American Society for Testing and Materials, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, West Conshohocken PA 19428-9555
  - 1) ASTM D 2879-86
  - 2) ASTM D 323-08
  - 3) ASTM D 86-82
  - 4) ASTM D 369-69 (1971)
  - 5) ASTM D 396-69
  - 6) ASTM D 2880-71
  - 7) ASTM D 975-68
  - 8) ASTM D 3925-81 (1985)
  - 9) ASTM E 300-86
  - 10) ASTM D 1475-85
  - 11) ASTM D 2369-87
  - 12) ASTM D 3792-86
  - 13) ASTM D 4017-81 (1987)
  - 14) ASTM D 4457-85
  - 15) ASTM D 2697-86
  - 16) ASTM D 3980-87
  - 17) ASTM E 180-85

### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

- 18) ASTM D 2372-85
- 19) ASTM D 97-66
- 20) ASTM E 168-87 (1977)
- 21) ASTM E 169-87
- 22) ASTM E 260-91
- 23) ASTM D 2504-83
- 24) ASTM D 2382-83
- b) Standard Industrial Classification Manual, published by Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget, Washington, D.C., 1987.
- c) American Petroleum Institute Bulletin 2517, "Evaporation Loss From Floating Roof Tanks", Second ed., February 1980.
- d) 40 CFR 60 (July 1, 1991).
- e) 40 CFR 61 (July 1, 1991).
- f) 40 CFR 50 (July 1, 1991).
- g) 40 CFR 51 (July 1, 1991) and 40 CFR 51, appendix M, Methods 204-204F (July 1, 1999).
- h) 40 CFR 52 (July 1, 1991).
- i) "A Guide for Surface Coating Calculation", July 1986, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C., EPA-340/1-86-016.
- j) "Procedures for Certifying Quantity of Volatile Organic Compounds Emitted by Paint, Ink and Other Coating" (revised June 1986), United States Environmental Protection Agency, Washington D.C., EPA-450/3-84-019.
- k) "A Guide for Graphic Arts Calculations", August 1988, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Washington D.C., EPA-340/1-88-003.

### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

- "Protocol for Determining the Daily Volatile Organic Compound Emission Rate of Automobile and Light-Duty Truck Topcoat Operations", December 1988, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Washington D.C., EPA-450/3-88-018.
- m) "Control of Volatile Organic Emissions from Manufacturing of Synthesized Pharmaceutical Products", December 1978, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C., EPA-450/2-78-029.
- n) "Control of Volatile Organic Compound Leaks from Gasoline Tank Trucks and Vapor Collection Systems", December 1978, Appendix B, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C., EPA-450/2-78-051.
- o) "Control of Volatile Organic Compound Emissions from Large Petroleum Dry Cleaners", September 1982, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C., EPA-450/3-82-009.
- p) "APTI Course SI417 Controlling Volatile Organic Compound Emissions from Leaking Process Equipment", 1982, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C., EPA-450/2-82-015.
- q) "Portable Instrument User's Manual for Monitoring VOM Sources", June 1986, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C., EPA-340/1-86-015.
- r) "Protocols for Generating Unit-Specific Emission Estimates for Equipment Leaks of VOM and VHAP", October 1988, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C., EPA-450/3-88-010.
- s) "Petroleum Refinery Enforcement Manual", March 1980, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C., EPA-340/1-80-008.
- t) "Inspection Manual for Control of Volatile Organic Emissions from Gasoline Marketing Operations: Appendix D", 1980, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C., EPA-340/1-80-012.
- "Control of Hydrocarbons from Tank Truck Gasoline Loading Terminals:
   Appendix A", December 1977, United States Environmental Protection Agency,
   Washington, D.C., EPA-450/2-77-026.
- v) "Technical Guidance Stage II Vapor Recovery Systems for Control of Vehicle

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

# NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

Refueling Emissions at Gasoline Dispensing Facilities", November 1991, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C., EPA 450/3 91 022b.

- Vw) California Air Resources Board, Compliance Division. Compliance Assistance
   Program: Gasoline Marketing and Distribution: Gasoline Facilities Phase I & II
   (October 1988, rev. November 1993) (CARB Manual).
- <u>wx</u>) "Guidelines for Determining Capture Efficiency", January 1995, Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Research Triangle Park NC.
- <u>xy</u>) Memorandum "Revised Capture Efficiency Guidance for Control of Volatile Organic Compound Emissions", February1995, John S. Seitz, Director, Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards, United States Environmental Protection Agency.
- "Protocol for Determining the Daily Volatile Organic Compound Emission Rate of Automobile and Light-Duty Truck Primer-Surfacer and Topcoat Operations", September 2008, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C., EPA-453/R-08-002.
- zaa) 40 CFR 63 subpart PPPP, appendix A (2008).
- <u>aabb</u>) 46 CFR subchapter Q (2007).

bbee) 46 CFR subchapter T (2008).

(Source: Amended at 38 Ill. Reg. \_\_\_\_\_, effective \_\_\_\_\_

## SUBPART Y: GASOLINE DISTRIBUTION

# Section 219.583 Gasoline Dispensing Operations - Storage Tank Filling Operations

- a) Subject to subsection (b) below, no person shall cause or allow the transfer of gasoline from any delivery vessel into any stationary storage tank at a gasoline dispensing operation unless:
  - 1) The tank is equipped with a submerged loading pipe; and

### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

- 2) The vapors displaced from the storage tank during filling are processed by a vapor control system that includes one or more of the following:
  - A) A vapor collection system that meets the requirements of subsection (d)(4) below; or
  - B) A refrigeration-condensation system or any other system approved by the Agency and approved by the USEPA as a SIP revision, that recovers at least 90 percent by weight of all vaporized organic material from the equipment being controlled; and
  - C) The delivery vessel displays the appropriate sticker pursuant to the requirements of Section 219.584(b) or (d) of this Part; and
- By March 15, 1995, all tank vent pipes are equipped with pressure/vacuum relief valves with the following design specifications:
  - A) The pressure/vacuum relief valve shall be set to resist a pressure of at least 3.5 inches water column and to resist a vacuum of no less than 6.0 inches water column; or
  - B) The pressure/vacuum relief valve shall meet the requirements of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 218.586(c); and
- The owner or operator of a gasoline dispensing operation demonstrates compliance with subsection (a)(3) of this Section, by March 15, 1995 or 30 days after installation of each pressure/vacuum relief valve, whichever is later, and at least annually thereafter, by measuring and recording the pressure indicated by a pressure/vacuum gauge at each tank vent pipe. The test shall be performed on each tank vent pipe within two hours after product delivery into the respective storage tank. For manifolded tank vent systems, observations at any point within the system shall be adequate. The owner or operator shall maintain any records required by this subsection for a period of three years.
- b) The requirements of subsections (a)(2) and (a)(3) above shall not apply to transfers of gasoline to a stationary storage tank at a gasoline dispensing operation if:

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

- 1) The tank is equipped with a floating roof, or other system of equal or better emission control as approved by the Agency and approved by the USEPA as a SIP revision;
- 2) The tank has a capacity of less than 2000 gallons and was in place and operating before January 1, 1979; or
- 3) The tank has a capacity of less than 575 gallons.
- c) Subject to subsection (b) above, each owner of a gasoline dispensing operation shall:
  - 1) Install all control systems and make all process modifications required by subsection (a) above;
  - 2) Provide instructions to the operator of the gasoline dispensing operation describing necessary maintenance operations and procedures for prompt notification of the owner in case of any malfunction of a vapor control system; and
  - 3) Repair, replace or modify any worn out or malfunctioning component or element of design.
- d) Subject to subsection (b) above, each operator of a gasoline dispensing operation shall:
  - 1) Maintain and operate each vapor control system in accordance with the owner's instructions;
  - 2) Promptly notify the owner of any scheduled maintenance or malfunction requiring replacement or repair of a major component of a vapor control system;
  - 3) Maintain gauges, meters or other specified testing devices in proper working order;
  - 4) Operate the vapor collection system and delivery vessel unloading points in a manner that prevents:

### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

- A) A reading equal to or greater than 100 percent of the lower explosive limit (LEL measured as propane) when tested in accordance with the procedure described in EPA 450/2-78-051 Appendix B incorporated by reference at Section 219.112 of this Part, and
- B) Avoidable leaks of liquid during the filling of storage tanks; and
- 5) Within 15 business days after discovery of the leak by the owner, operator, or the Agency, repair and retest a vapor collection system which exceeds the limits of subsection (d)(4)(A)-above.
- e) Any retail gasoline dispensing operation subject to subsection (a) above shall be exempt from the permit requirements specified under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 201.142, 201.143, and 201.144 provided that:
  - The owner or operator of the gasoline dispensing operation submits to the Agency a registration which provides, at a minimum, the operation name and address, signature of the owner or operator, the location (including contact person's name, address and telephone number) of records and reports required by this Section, the number of underground tanks, the number of tank pipe vents, and the date of completion of installation of the vapor control system and pressure/vacuum relief valve.
  - 2) The registration is submitted to the Agency by March 15, 1995 or 30 days after installation of a vapor control system or pressure/vacuum relief valve, whichever is later.
  - 3) The registration certificate is displayed at the gasoline dispensing operation.
  - 4) Upon modification of an existing vapor control system or pressure/vacuum relief valve, the owner or operator of the gasoline dispensing operation submits to the Agency a registration that details the changes to the information provided in the previous registration and which includes the signature of the owner or operator. The registration must be submitted to the Agency within 30 days after completion of such modification.

(Source: Amended at 38 Ill. Reg	, effective)
---------------------------------	--------------